Public Document Pack



Wyre Borough Council
Date of Publication: 27 March 2019

Please ask for : Roy Saunders Democratic Services and Scrutiny Manager

Tel: 01253 887481

Dear Councillor,

You are hereby summoned to attend a meeting of Wyre Borough Council to be held at the Civic Centre, Breck Road, Poulton-le-Fylde on <u>Thursday, 4 April 2019</u> commencing at 7.00 pm.

Yours sincerely,

Garry Payne

Chief Executive

The Mayor will invite the Mayor's Chaplin, Reverend Canon John Hall to say prayers.

COUNCIL AGENDA

1. Apologies for absence

2. Confirmation of minutes

(Pages 1 - 12)

To approve as a correct record the Minutes of the meeting of the Council held on 28 February 2019 and 7 March 2019.

3. Declarations of Interest

To receive any declarations of interest from any Member on any item on this agenda.

4. Announcements

To receive any announcements from the Mayor, Leader of the Council, Deputy Leader of the Council, Members of the Cabinet, a Chairman of a Committee or the Chief Executive.

5. Public questions or statements

To receive any questions or statements from members of the public under Procedure Rule 9.1.

Any questions or statements received by the specified deadline of noon on Friday 29 March 2019 will be published and circulated separately.

6. Questions "On Notice" from councillors

To receive any questions from Members of the Council to the Mayor, a member of the Cabinet or the Chairman of a Committee under Council Procedure Rule 12.1

Any questions received by the specified deadline of noon on Friday 29 March 2019 will be published and circulated separately.

7. Executive reports

To receive reports from Cabinet Members. (In accordance with Procedure Rule 11.3 Councillors will be able to ask questions or make comments).

	(a)	Leader of the Council (Councillor Henderson)	(Pages 13 - 14)
	(b)	Resources Portfolio Holder (Councillor A Vincent)	(Pages 15 - 16)
	(c)	Street Scene, Parks and Open Spaces Portfolio Holder (Councillor Bridge)	(Pages 17 - 20)
	(d)	Planning and Economic Development Portfolio Holder (Councillor Michael Vincent)	(Pages 21 - 24)
	(e)	Neighbourhood Services and Community Safety Portfolio Holder (Councillor Berry)	(Pages 25 - 30)
	(f)	Leisure, Health and Community Engagement Portfolio Holder (Councillor Bowen)	(Pages 31 - 34)
8.	Strate	ary Management Policy, Annual Investment gy, Minimum Revenue Provision Policy Statement apital Strategy 2019/20	(Pages 35 - 78)
	•	of the Resources Portfolio Holder (Cllr A Vincent) and ad of Finance.	

(Pages 79 - 84)

10. Notices of Motion

Audit Committee Terms of Reference

Head of Finance (Section 151 Officer).

Report of the Leader of the Council (Cllr Henderson) and the

None.

9.

If you have any enquiries on this agenda, please contact Roy Saunders, tel: 01253 887481, email: roy.saunders@wyre.gov.uk



Public Document Pack Agenda Item 2



Council Minutes

The minutes of the Council meeting held on Thursday, 28 February 2019 at the Council Chamber, Civic Centre, Poulton-le-Fylde.

Councillors present:

The Mayor, Councillor Marge Anderton and the Deputy Mayor, Councillor Michael Barrowclough.

Councillors I Amos, R Amos, E Anderton, Atkins, Ballard, Beavers, Berry, B Birch, C Birch, Bowen, Bridge, Cartridge, Catterall, Fail, Gibson, Henderson, Hodgkinson, Holden, Ingham, Jones, Kay, McKay, Orme, Pimbley, Raynor, Robinson, Smith, A Turner, S Turner, A Vincent, Matthew Vincent, M Vincent, Walmsley and Wilson.

Apologies: Councillors Balmain, Collinson, I Duffy, R Duffy, Ellison, Greenhough, Ibison, Lees, Moon, Murphy, Ormrod, Shewan, B Stephenson and E Stephenson and Marianne Hesketh (Service Director Performance and Innovation).

Officers present:

Garry Payne, Chief Executive
Mark Broadhurst, Service Director Health and Wellbeing
Mark Billington, Service Director People and Places
Carmel White, Solicitor
David Thow, Head of Planning Services
Réa Psillidou, Planning Policy and Economic Development Manager
Roy Saunders, Democratic services and Scrutiny Manager

Also present: Seven members of the public.

74 Declarations of Interest

None.

75 Wyre Local Plan 2011 - 2031

The Planning and Economic Development Portfolio Holder (Cllr Michael Vincent) and the Chief Executive submitted a report on the Wyre Local Plan.

Agreed (by 28 votes to 1 with 7 abstentions):

- 1. That the Wyre Local Plan (2011 2023) attached as Appendix 1 of the report and the Policies Map attached as Appendix 2 of the report be adopted.
- 2. That powers be delegated to the Head of Planning Services to make minor editorial amendments and corrections to the Local Plan and accompanying Policies Map prior to publication.

The meeting started at 7pm and finished at 7.20pm.

NOTE: An audio recording of this meeting is available via the following link:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VYMh5UA95EE

Public Document Pack



Council Minutes

The minutes of the Council meeting held on Thursday, 7 March 2019 at the Council Chamber, Civic Centre, Poulton-le-Fylde.

Councillors present:

The Mayor, Councillor M Anderton and the Deputy Mayor, Councillor Michael Barrowclough.

Councillors I Amos, R Amos, E Anderton, Atkins, Ballard, Beavers, Berry, B Birch, C Birch, Bowen, Bridge, Cartridge, Catterall, Collinson, Ellison, Fail, Gibson, Greenhough, Henderson, Hodgkinson, Holden, Ibison, Ingham, Kay, Moon, Orme, Robinson, Smith, A Turner, S Turner, A Vincent, Matthew Vincent, M Vincent and Walmsley.

Apologies: Councillors Balmain, I Duffy, R Duffy, Jones, Lees, McKay, Murphy, Ormrod, Pimbley, Raynor, Shewan, B Stephenson, E Stephenson and Wilson.

Officers present:

Garry Payne, Chief Executive
Mark Broadhurst, Service Director Health and Wellbeing
Mark Billington, Service Director People and Places
Marianne Hesketh, Service Director Performance and Innovation
Clare James, Head of Finance and Section 151 Officer
David Bennett, Deputy Head of Finance.

Also present: Seven members of the public.

76 Confirmation of minutes

Agreed (by 28 votes to 5) that the minutes of the Council meeting held on 17 January 2019 be confirmed as a correct record.

77 Declarations of Interest

None.

78 Announcements

- 1. The Mayor announced that a concert by the Blackpool Male Voice Choir in aid of the Mayoral Charities was to be held at St Peter and St Davids' Church, Lord Street, Fleetwood on Thursday 14 March 2019 at 7 pm.
- The Mayor reminded Members of arrangements for the Mayor's Ball on 8 March 2019. She thanked Regenda for donating raffle prizes, and said that tickets for the raffle were still on sale.
- The Mayor also read out a message from Cllr R Duffy, updating Members on her cancer treatment and thanking all those who had sent messages of support. The Mayor expressed the Council's best wishes to Councillor Duffy.

79 Public questions or statements

None received.

80 Questions "On Notice" from councillors

None received.

81 Pay Policy Statement 2019/20

The Leader of the Council (Cllr Henderson) and the Service Director Performance and Innovation submitted a report on the Council's Pay Policy Statement for the 2019/20 financial year.

Cllr Henderson noted a request made by Cllr Fail during the debate on the report, that future Pay Policy Statements should include the actual number of apprentices or other employees under the age of twenty five paid the national minimum wage – if any.

Agreed (unanimously) that the Pay Policy Statement for 2019/20 be approved.

82 Business Plan 2019 - 2023

The Leader of the Council (Cllr Henderson) and the Service Director Performance and Innovation submitted a report on the Council's Business Plan for the period 2019 to 2023.

Cllr Henderson stated in a response to comments made by Cllr Fail during the debate, that the possibility of including a question in the Council's bi-annual residents' survey relating to travel to work would be considered.

Agreed (unanimously) that the Council's Business Plan for 2019-2023 be approved.

83 Council Tax 2019/20

The Leader of the Council (Cllr Henderson) submitted a report on the setting of the Council Tax for 2019/20. His report included reference to the report of the Head of Finance (S 151 Officer) on the Revenue Budget, Council Tax and Capital Programme, which had been considered by the Cabinet at its meeting on 13 February 2019. The minute setting out the Cabinet's recommendations was set out in Appendix 1 of his report to this Council meeting.

The Resources Portfolio Holder (Cllr A Vincent) seconded the Cllr Henderson's proposal that the recommendations made by the Cabinet be approved.

Cllr Fail proposed and Cllr E Anderton seconded the following amendment:

"That a revenue contribution of up to £35,000 be made from general balances towards a Poulton to Fleetwood rail reinstatement feasibility study."

The following members voted for the amendment: Councillors E Anderton, M Anderton, Barrowclough, Beavers, Fail, Gibson and Smith.

The following members voted against the amendment: I Amos, R Amos, Lady Atkins, Berry, B Birch, C Birch, Bowen, Bridge, Cartridge, Catterall, Collinson, Ellison, Greenhough, Henderson, Hodgkinson, Holden, Ibison, Ingham, Kay, Moon, Orme, Robinson, A Turner, S Turner, A Vincent, Matthew Vincent, Michael Vincent and Walmsley.

The amendment was therefore LOST (by 7 votes to 28).

A vote was then taken on the Cabinet's recommendations on the budget for 2019/20 and on the level of the Council Tax as set out in paragraphs 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4 of the Leader's report.

The following members voted in support of the proposal: I Amos, R Amos, Lady Atkins, Berry, B Birch, C Birch, Bowen, Bridge, Cartridge, Catterall, Collinson, Ellison, Greenhough, Henderson, Hodgkinson, Holden, Ibison, Ingham, Kay, Moon, Orme, Robinson, A Turner, S Turner, A Vincent, Matthew Vincent, Michael Vincent and Walmsley.

The following members voted against the proposal: Councillors E Anderton, M Anderton, Barrowclough, Beavers, Fail, Gibson and Smith.

The Mayor (Cllr M Anderton) abstained.

The proposal was therefore CARRIED (by 28 votes to 6 with 1 abstention) and it was

Agreed:

1. That the formal Council Tax resolution as agreed by Cabinet 13

February 2019, as set out in Appendix 1 of the Leader's report and also attached as Appendix 1 to these minutes, be approved.

- 2. That this Council's Band D equivalent Council Tax for the 2019/20 financial year of £199.74 together with parish precepts, as specified in the report on the Budget, be approved for each of the valuation bands, as set out in Table A of Appendix 2 to these minutes.
- 3. That it be noted that for the year 2019/20 the major precepting authorities had stated the amounts of their respective precepts, in accordance with Section 40 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, for each of the categories of dwellings in the Council's area, as shown in Table B of Appendix 2 of these minutes.
- 4. That, having calculated the aggregate in each case of the amounts at 2 and 3 above, and in accordance with Sections 30 and 36 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, the amounts set as the Council Tax for the year 2019/20 for each part of the Wyre area and for each of the categories of dwellings were as shown in Table C of Appendix 2 to these minutes.

84 Notices of Motion

None.

Appendices to Council Minutes 7 March 2019

The meeting started at 7pm and finished at 8.10pm.

Council Minutes 7 March 2019: Appendix 1

Extract from minutes of Cabinet meeting of 13 February 2019

CAB.38 Revenue Budget, Council Tax and Capital Programme

The Resources Portfolio Holder Head of Finance (S151 Officer) submitted a report asking for confirmation of the Revenue Budget, Council Tax, Revised Capital Budget 2018/19 and Capital Programme 2019/20 onwards.

Decision

Cabinet approved the following recommendations as set out in the report. Note - where references are made to appendices, these are as included with the report. The paragraph numbers below also mirror those of the Cabinet report.

- **3.1** That the following be approved:
 - **a.** The Revised Revenue Budget for the year 2018/19 and the Revenue Budget for 2019/20.
 - b. For the purpose of proposing an indicative Council Tax for 2020/21, 2021/22, 2022/23 and 2023/24, taking into account the Medium Term Financial Plan at Appendix 2 which reflects an increase of 2.99% each year, any increase will remain within the principles determined by the Government as part of the legislation relating to Local Referendums allowing the veto of excessive Council Tax increases.
 - c. Members' continuing commitment to the approach being taken regarding the efficiency savings, detailed within the Council's 'Annual Efficiency Statement' at Appendix 1.
 - d. Any increases in the base level of expenditure and further additional expenditure arising during 2019/20 should be financed from existing budgets or specified compensatory savings, in accordance with the Financial Regulations and Financial Procedure Rules.
 - **e.** The use of all other Reserves and Balances as indicated in Appendices 4 and 5.
 - **f.** The manpower estimates for 2019/20.
 - **g.** In accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Code for Capital Finance, those indicators included at Appendix 7.
 - h. The Revised Capital Budget for 2018/19 and the Capital Programme for 2019/20 onwards.

- That it be noted that, in accordance with the Council's Scheme of Delegation, as agreed by Council at their meeting on 24 February 2005:
 - a. The amount of 36,857.73 has been calculated as the 2019/20 Council Tax Base for the whole area [Item T in the formula in Section 31B of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, as amended (the "Act")]; and
 - **b.** A Council Tax Base, for dwellings in those parts of its area to which a Parish precept relates, has been calculated as indicated below.
 - a. The amount of 36,857.73 has been calculated as the 2019/20 Council Tax Base for the whole area [Item T in the formula in Section 31B of the Local Government Finance Act 1992, as amended (the "Act")]; and
 - b. A Council Tax Base, for dwellings in those parts of its area to which a Parish precept relates, has been calculated as indicated below.

Barnacre-with-Bonds	966.37
Bleasdale	62.18
Cabus	610.64
Catterall	845.29
Claughton-on-Brock	342.65
Fleetwood	6,535.55
Forton	567.12
Garstang	1,806.54
Great Eccleston	577.10
Hambleton	1,069.68
Inskip-with-Sowerby	340.18
Kirkland	137.59
Myerscough and Bilsborrow	450.73
Nateby	221.41
Nether Wyresdale	317.81
Out Rawcliffe	261.38
Pilling	806.29
Preesall	1,916.81
Stalmine-with-Staynall	569.12
Upper Rawcliffe-with-Tarnacre	295.61
Winmarleigh	128.93

3.3 The Council Tax requirement for the Council's own purposes for 2019/20 (excluding Parish precepts) is £7,361,963.

3.4 That the following amounts be calculated for the year 2019/20 in accordance with Sections 31 to 36 of the Act:-

a.	£76,375,581	Being the aggregate of the amounts which the Council estimates for the items set out in Section 31A(2) of the Act taking into account all precepts issued to it by Parish Councils.
b.	£68,318,072	Being the aggregate of the amounts which the Council estimates for the items set out in Section 31A(3) of the Act.
C.	£8,057,509	Being the amount by which the aggregate at 3.4(a) above exceeds the aggregate at 3.4(b) above, calculated by the Council, in accordance with Section 31A(4) of the Act, as its Council Tax requirement for the year. (Item R in the formula in Section 31B of the Act).
d.	£218.61	Being the amount at 3.4(c) above (Item R) all divided by Item T (3.2(a) above), calculated by the Council, in accordance with Section 31B of the Act, as the basic amount of its Council Tax for the year (including Parish precepts).
e.	£695,546	Being the aggregate amount of all special items (Parish precepts) referred to in Section 34(1) of the Act and as detailed in Appendix 6.
f.	£199.74	Being the amount at 3.4(d) above less the result given by dividing the amount at 3.4(e) above by Item T (3.2(a) above), calculated by the Council, in accordance with Section 34(2) of the Act, as the basic amount of its Council Tax for the year for dwellings in those parts of its area to which no Parish precept relates.

3.5 That the Council's basic amount of Council Tax for 2019/20 is not considered excessive in accordance with principles approved under Section 52ZB of the Local Government Finance Act 1992.

This page is intentionally left blank

Council Minutes 7 March 2019: Appendix 2

Table A: Parish Precepts

Valuation Bands

	Band A	Band B	Band C	Band D	Band E	Band F	Band G	Band H £
Barnacre-with-Bonds	137.43	160.33	183.24	206.14	251.95	297.75	343.57	412.28
Bleasdale	149.24	174.11	198.99	223.86	273.61	323.35	373.10	447.72
Cabus	144.08	168.09	192.11	216.12	264.15	312.17	360.20	432.24
Catterall	192.31	224.36	256.42	288.47	352.58	416.68	480.78	576.94
Claughton-on-Brock	166.23	193.94	221.65	249.35	304.76	360.17	415.58	498.70
Fleetwood	150.25	175.29	200.34	225.38	275.47	325.55	375.63	450.76
Forton	156.67	182.78	208.90	235.01	287.24	339.46	391.68	470.02
Garstang	161.11	187.96	214.82	241.67	295.38	349.08	402.78	483.34
Great Eccleston	156.84	182.98	209.12	235.26	287.54	339.82	392.10	470.52
Hambleton	158.09	184.43	210.79	237.13	289.83	342.52	395.22	474.26
Inskip-with-Sowerby	152.76	178.22	203.68	229.14	280.06	330.98	381.90	458.28
Kirkland	184.03	214.70	245.38	276.05	337.40	398.74	460.08	552.10
Myerscough and Bilsborrow	155.20	181.06	206.94	232.80	284.54	336.26	388.00	465.60
Nateby	137.73	160.68	183.64	206.59	252.50	298.40	344.32	413.18
Nether Wyresdale	167.25	195.12	223.00	250.87	306.62	362.36	418.12	501.74
Out Rawcliffe	148.47	173.21	197.96	222.70	272.19	321.67	371.17	445.40
Pilling	188.56	219.98	251.42	282.84	345.70	408.54	471.40	565.68
Preesall	167.09	194.94	222.79	250.64	306.34	362.03	417.73	501.28
Stalmine-with-Staynall	166.69	194.47	222.26	250.04	305.61	361.17	416.73	500.08
Upper Rawcliffe-with-Tarnacre	147.82	172.45	197.10	221.73	271.01	320.27	369.55	443.46
Winmarleigh	149.55	174.48	199.41	224.33	274.18	324.03	373.88	448.66
All other area of the Borough	133.16	155.35	177.55	199.74	244.13	288.51	332.90	399.48

Table B: Precepts from major precepting authorities

Valuation Bands

	Band A	Band B	Band C	Band D	Band E	Band F	Band G	Band H
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Lancashire	897.73	1047.35	1196.97	1346.59	1645.83	1945.07	2244.32	2693.18
County Council								
Police and Crime	134.30	156.68	179.07	201.45	246.22	290.98	335.75	402.90
Commissioner for								
Lancashire								
Lancashire	46.32	54.04	61.76	69.48	84.92	100.36	115.80	138.96
Combined Fire								
Authority								

Table C: Total Tax payments for Wyre (including precepts from parish councils and other precepting authorites)

Valuation Bands

	Band A £	Band B £	Band C £	Band D £	Band E £	Band F £	Band G £	Band H £
Barnacre-with-Bonds	1215.78	1418.40	1621.04	1823.66	2228.92	2634.16	3039.44	3647.32
Bleasdale	1227.59	1432.18	1636.79	1841.38	2250.58	2659.76	3068.97	3682.76
Cabus	1222.43	1426.16	1629.91	1833.64	2241.12	2648.58	3056.07	3667.28
Catterall	1270.66	1482.43	1694.22	1905.99	2329.55	2753.09	3176.65	3811.98
Claughton-on-Brock	1244.58	1452.01	1659.45	1866.87	2281.73	2696.58	3111.45	3733.74
Fleetwood	1228.60	1433.36	1638.14	1842.90	2252.44	2661.96	3071.50	3685.80
Forton	1235.02	1440.85	1646.70	1852.53	2264.21	2675.87	3087.55	3705.06
Garstang	1239.46	1446.03	1652.62	1859.19	2272.35	2685.49	3098.65	3718.38
Great Eccleston	1235.19	1441.05	1646.92	1852.78	2264.51	2676.23	3087.97	3705.56
Hambleton	1236.44	1442.50	1648.59	1854.65	2266.80	2678.93	3091.09	3709.30
Inskip-with-Sowerby	1231.11	1436.29	1641.48	1846.66	2257.03	2667.39	3077.77	3693.32
Kirkland	1262.38	1472.77	1683.18	1893.57	2314.37	2735.15	3155.95	3787.14
Myerscough and Bilsborrow	1233.55	1439.13	1644.74	1850.32	2261.51	2672.67	3083.87	3700.64
Nateby	1216.08	1418.75	1621.44	1824.11	2229.47	2634.81	3040.19	3648.22
Nether Wyresdale	1245.60	1453.19	1660.80	1868.39	2283.59	2698.77	3113.99	3736.78
Out Rawcliffe	1226.82	1431.28	1635.76	1840.22	2249.16	2658.08	3067.04	3680.44
Pilling	1266.91	1478.05	1689.22	1900.36	2322.67	2744.95	3167.27	3800.72
Preesall	1245.44	1453.01	1660.59	1868.16	2283.31	2698.44	3113.60	3736.32
Stalmine	1245.04	1452.54	1660.06	1867.56	2282.58	2697.58	3112.60	3735.12
Upper Rawcliffe-with-Tarnacre	1226.17	1430.52	1634.90	1839.25	2247.98	2656.68	3065.42	3678.50
Winmarleigh	1227.90	1432.55	1637.21	1841.85	2251.15	2660.44	3069.75	3683.70
All other areas of the Borough	1211.51	1413.42	1615.35	1817.26	2221.10	2624.92	3028.77	3634.52

Agenda Item 7a



Report of:	То:	Date
Councillor David Henderson, Leader of the Council	Council	4 April 2019

Executive Report: Leader of the Council

1. Purpose of report

1.1 To inform Council of progress on key objectives and the current position on a number of issues, as set out below.

2. Lancashire District and Lancashire Leaders and Chief Executives Meetings February to March 2019

- 2.1 Since my last Executive report update there have been a number of Lancashire District Leaders and Lancashire Leaders meetings.
- 2.2 I am sure Members will have read in the press that some of the East Lancashire Authorities namely Blackburn (Unitary Council), Burnley, Pendle and Rossendale (District Councils) have made a public announcement that they have written to Government expressing their wish to pursue reorganisation with the objective of forming one Unitary Authority. Interestingly the proposal doesn't include Hyndburn or Ribble Valley and I await with interest the response from Government.
- 2.3 We received an interesting presentation on the Government's Waste and Resources Strategy which is currently at the consultation stage and our officers will be providing detailed comments to the Lancashire Waste Partnership, who will in turn collate all responses and feed back to Government.
- 2.4 All Leaders agreed that improving connectivity within, into and out of Lancashire is critical if we are to maximise growth opportunities and at the same time tackle climate change. We discussed the implications of Transport for the North and Transport for Lancashire (TfL) proposals. Members will be aware that at our last meeting our Business Plan was unanimously approved and under Economy we will not only support growth by attracting investment but will also collaborate with our partners to improve local transport infrastructure which will involve exploring and analysing all transport options.
- 2.5 Updates were provided and detailed discussions had on the six agreed Lancashire themes: Economic Growth; Housing; Health & Wellbeing; Environment/Climate Change; All Age Skills, Employment & Education; and Community Safety. If Members wish to read the papers in detail

please contact the Democratic Services Team.

2.6 David Taylor (Interim Chairman of the Lancashire Enterprise Partnership (LEP)) gave an update on progress on the review of how the LEP is structured and Leaders commented that the LEP should implement changes that would improve both transparency and communication, particularly with the Leaders.

3. Blackpool, Fylde and Wyre Economic Prosperity Board 5 February 2019

3.1 At the meeting of the Blackpool, Fylde and Wyre Economic Prosperity Board we agreed to jointly fund an Economic Impact Toolkit which will also be of use in monitoring activities in the Local Plan and we discussed various matters including a Marketing Strategy and the Lancashire European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF) Programme 2014-20. The ESIF programme provides funds to help local areas grow. The funds support investment in innovation, business, skills, employment and creation of jobs. Funding through this programme will be available up to 2020 and the Board agreed that if appropriate we will work to secure funding for investment across the Fylde Coast.

4. Activities

4.1 Over the past couple or so months I have attended a number of functions and events including the Mayoral Ball at the North Euston, Fleetwood and the Commonwealth Day Flag Raising. I also appeared on the Sunday Politics Show where I stated that I would, in principle, accept funding from the Stronger Towns Fund, a £1.6bn government fund launched to boost less well-off towns in England after Brexit.

5. Comments and questions

5.1 In accordance with procedure rule 11.3 any member of Council will be able to ask me a question or make a comment on the contents of my report or on any issue, which falls within my area of responsibility. I will respond to any such questions or comments in accordance with Procedure Rule 11.5.

dems/cou/cr/19/0404 Leader



Report of:	То:	Date
Councillor A Vincent, Resources Portfolio Holder	Council	4 April 2019

Executive Report: Resources Portfolio Holder

1. Purpose of report

1.1 To inform Council of progress on key objectives and the current position on issues within the Resources Portfolio, as set out below.

2. Finance

- 2.1 Members should now have received their council tax bills for the 2019/20 financial year reflecting this Council's decision to increase its element of the bill by just £5.80 on a Band D equivalent property to £199.74 or just under 55p per day.
- 2.2 Whilst the total band D council tax (excluding parish precepts) is now £1,817.26, I wish to remind members that the Wyre element is only 11% of the charge with the costs of Lancashire County Council (74%), the Police and Crime Commissioner (11%) and the Fire Authority (4%) all contributing to the final bill that drops through our residents' letterboxes.
- 2.3 2019/20 marks the final year of the multi-year settlement deal and our forecasts contain a higher level of uncertainty than previously experienced. Our most recent financial projections in the Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) indicate a gap between expenditure and income of £2.7m in 2023/24.
- 2.4 This year, Central Government are conducting a Spending Review and various consultations on the Fair Funding Review, Business Rates Retention and the future of New Homes Bonus as well as responding to the impact of Brexit. We anticipate that more detail will be available in late Summer and Central Government have committed to making the next round of settlement figures available in early December. Realistically this will be when we know the impact on Wyre in sufficient detail to be able to accurately update the MTFP. A briefing will be held for Members later in the year to accompany the MTFP report in October.

3. Human Resources

- 3.1 National Apprenticeship Week took place from 4 March 2019 and Wyre participated, sharing success stories on social media of past and present apprentices which showcased how apprenticeships can add real value to the organisation. A number of successful careers have begun as a result of these schemes and officers were more than willing to share their experiences as past apprentices or those currently taking part in apprenticeship training.
- 3.2 From 1 April 2018 we have enrolled five staff on new Apprenticeships. These include three existing employees who have commenced the Level 5 Operations/Departmental Manager Apprenticeship as part of a joint venture with Burnley, Preston, West Lancs and Hyndburn Councils. This experience will provide the opportunity to network with officers at other local authorities during the process and allow them to broaden their skills and experience to the benefit of Wyre.

4. Procurement

4.1 Given the uncertainty around Brexit, negotiations on contract prices have been difficult but we have had success in the following areas to secure a price freeze for a period: Protective Personal Equipment (PPE) Clothing, Cleaning Materials, Stationery and other related Consumables. This will help to maintain expenditure within existing budgets.

5. Contact Centre

- 5.1 Since Universal Credit Full Service was introduced on the Fylde coast in early December 2018, our housing benefit (HB) caseload has reduced by just over 300 claims. This is in line with expectations of around an 18% reduction by the end of 2019 and we will continue to monitor the impact.
- 5.2 We are now well under way with the project to implement a Citizens' Access Portal on the council website. Once operational the portal will give service users 24/7 access to their own records relating to council tax (including council tax support), HB, waste management and any other council service it is practical to give our customers access to. As part of the same project we have already introduced a Landlord Portal that allows HB landlords 24/7 online access to obtain information they are entitled to receive regarding their tenants' HB claims without speaking to a council officer.

6. Comments and questions

6.1 In accordance with procedure rule 10.3 any member of Council will be able to ask me a question or make a comment on the contents of my report or on any issue, which falls within my area of responsibility. I will respond to any such questions or comments in accordance with Procedure Rule 10.5.

Agenda Item 7c



Report of:	То:	Date
Councillor Simon Bridge, Street Scene, Parks and Open Spaces Portfolio Holder	Council	4 April 2019

Executive Report: Street Scene, Parks and Open Spaces Portfolio Holder

1. Purpose of report

1.1 To inform council of progress on key objectives and the current position on issues within the Street Scene, Parks and Open Spaces Portfolio as set out below.

2. Parks and open spaces

- 2.1 Work to deliver the final phase of the refurbishment of the playground on Jean Stansfield Memorial Park, Poulton commenced in March and completion is scheduled by the end of April. The scheme includes the installation of a climbing pyramid, tower with net and slide, carousel and spinners.
- 2.2 Activities at Memorial Park have included wood and Mother's Day crafts, Big Garden Birdwatch by the RSPB, Tea and Talk pop-up café, open day event at the demonstration garden with tours and plant sales.
- 2.3 The procurement of a contractor to restore The Mount is progressing well and tenders are due to be returned by the end of April. Preparatory work to relocate the substation commenced in February and work by Electricity North West is due to start on site in May.

3. Waste and recycling

3.1 The DEFRA Resources and Waste Strategy was released on the 18 December 2018 and in late February consultations were released on some of the main policy areas.

The Strategy contains some significant changes in waste policy across the UK that could have a fundamental impact on local authority operations. It also looks to enact some of the requirements of the EU Circular Economy Package that the UK has signed up to and agreed to implement in full.

There are four major consultations:

Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR)

Deposit Return Scheme (DRS)

Consistent Collection Systems

Taxing Plastic Packaging with less than 30% recycled content

The consultations end on 13 May. Officers are reviewing the consultation papers with colleagues across Lancashire and with other Local Authority advisory groups such as the; Local Authority Recycling Advisory Committee (LARAC) and Association of Public Service Excellence (APSE) to enable us to formulate both joint and individual responses.

- 3.2 The Green Waste Subscription sign up process for renewals and new subscriptions is currently live for the new year commencing 1 May 2019.
- 3.3 Lancashire County Council (LCC) are recommending a change to the operating hours of Household Waste Recycling Centres (HWRC) across the county. If approved it would see the opening hours at Jameson Road standardised to 09.00 to 17.00 each day as opposed to 08.00-19.00 in summer and 08.00 17.00 in winter. This would take effect from October 2019. Wyre Council has responded to this proposal, raising concerns regarding the impact on residents and the possibility of increased fly tipping particularly on Jameson Road.

4. Street Scene

- **4.1** Highway weed spraying is due to commence this month as per previous years, dependant on weather conditions.
- 4.2 Officers have been undertaking positive engagement with secondary school students regarding litter and the impacts on the environment. The sessions have been well received.
- 4.3 Dogs Trust and Keep Britain Tidy have published the results of the 'Walk This Way' pilot project that was undertaken last year with 15 Local Authorities. Wyre was selected using a popular walking route at Wyre Estuary Country Park, the aim being to reduce dog fouling using signage and way markers. Locally there was a 32% reduction in fouling and bagged dog fouling over the intervention and monitoring period and the whole project across the 15 sites saw on average a 40% reduction.
- 4.4 The pilot enforcement project with District continues to progress, the figures below cover the first quarter of operations (29 October end of January):
 - Total Fixed Penalty Notices (FPN) issued: 1,319
 1,268 for depositing litter.
 30 for Public Space Protection Order dog offences.
 21 Cancelled.
 - 98 Formal Representations seeking a review of FPNs issued were received, with 74 rejected and 24 accepted.
 - Number of FPNs paid (at time of report): 941
 - Non payments for Qtr 1 are in the process of being progressed to court for prosecution.

Resulting income to the council: £8,104.

FPN issued by area:

Area	No. FPN Issued
Bilsborrow	2
Fleetwood	531
Garstang	45
Great Eccleston	1
Hambleton	2
Pilling	2
Poulton-le-Fylde & Carleton	227
Preesall & Knott End	17
Thornton-Cleveleys	470
Winmarleigh	1
Total:	1,298

Officer Hours Patrolled by Area

Area	Patrolling Hours
Bilsborrow	26
Calder Vale, Bleasdale, Bonds, Bowgreave, Catterall	55
Churchtown	4
Claughton	5
Dolphinholme	6
Fleetwood	590
Forton	1
Garstang	347
Great Eccleston	11
Hambleton	12
Inskip	1.5
Nateby	3.5
Out Rawcliffe	2
Pilling	15
Poulton-le-Fylde & Carleton	592
Preesall & Knott End	129
Scorton	6
St Michaels on Wyre	5
Thornton – Cleveleys	733
Winmarleigh	6

6. Comments and questions

6.1 In accordance with procedure rule 11.3 any member of council will be able to ask me a question or make a comment on the contents of my report or on any issue, which falls within my area of responsibility. I will respond to any such questions or comments in accordance with procedure rule 11.5.



Agenda Item 7d



Report of:	То:	Date
Councillor Michael Vincent, Planning and Economic Development Portfolio Holder	Council	4 April 2019

Executive Report: Planning and Economic Development Portfolio Holder

1. Purpose of report

1.1 To inform Council of progress on key objectives and the current position on issues within the Planning and Economic Development Portfolio, as set out below.

2. Cleveleys Coastal Community Team (CCCT)

- 2.1 The CCCT are pursuing a proposal to install festoon string lights in the town centre. This will cover a stretch of zig zag festoons, in a Z shape over the high street from the clock at Nutter Road to the alley at New Look/Halifax PLC. Businesses are being approached for contributions, and the team are working with the Christmas Cheer in Cleveleys Team who are fundraising for the project. Long-term, it is hoped that the festoons will become a permanent feature and can be expanded along the length of the high street.
- 2.2 The CCCT are working with Cleveleys Church Community Centre to revamp the interior of the building using the resource of HMP Kirkham Prison volunteers. Almost all of the rooms have been updated with a fresh coat of paint and discussions are taking place to improve the exterior.
- 2.3 CCCT has been instrumental in assisting in the set-up of Cleveleys Market. The trial has been a success and the market will continue. It is proposed that this market will run from Easter to the end of September on a Wednesday, with a maximum of 14 stalls.
- 2.4 Over recent weeks Cleveleys bus station has been at the forefront of antisocial behaviour, and has resulted in three of the graphic panels funded by the CCCT being ripped off the wall, along with graffiti to a further two pieces. The replacement cost is in the region of £1,000. The remaining signage has been taken off the wall as a temporary measure until the behaviour has reduced. The Police and local ASB group are aware of the situation and will update us as and when they know more.

3. Hillhouse Enterprise Zone (EZ)

- 3.1 A draft Marketing Strategy for Hillhouse Enterprise Zone has been prepared in-house. A workshop will be undertaken in April to review this and the emerging Implementation Plan. The Masterplan, over-arching LAMEC branding and marketing approach adopted for the four Lancashire Enterprise Zones will also be considered to ensure all complement each other.
- 3.2 Two of the three proposed EZ signs were granted advertising consent by the Wyre Council Planning Department on 25 February. Final artwork is being signed off and the signs will be erected imminently. Sign 1 will be located part way down Bourne Road, and Sign 2 will be located at the security checkpoint gatehouse adjacent to the other business park signage boards. Sign 3 was not given formal consent. Its proposed location is the junction at Bourne Road/Fleetwood Road, which is essentially the main entrance to the site. This location is currently saturated with advertising boards that belong to the housing developers that surround the EZ site. NPL Group have confirmed that they are in a contract to keep these signs up for another month or so, but as soon as they can they will be removed. At this point we can appeal the decision and Sign 3 can be installed.
- 3.3 The website www.hillhouseez.com is now live. There is some development work to add context to the site including an enquiry handling form, newsfeed page and some interactive layers which describe in detail the different EZ sites in Lancashire. We have been working with the designers to make some alterations to the site to keep it up to date and ensure it reflects the brochure and current activity at the site.
- 3.4 We are commissioning a local drone videographer to promote the EZ and the businesses sited within it. The video will be approximately three minutes long and will mainly show aerial footage of the site and the potential development opportunities. It will also include some ground videography entering the operational side of some of the businesses with short interviews and commentary. This is an exciting, innovative project designed to showcase the Enterprise Zone and be shown to prospective interested parties looking to relocate to the site.

 For marketing purposes, the finished video will be made available to all EZ occupants, will be displayed on the www.hillhouseez.com website and our web pages, it will be shared by social media and used at property and investment shows.
- 3.5 Individual business visits have been undertaken to the majority of businesses on the EZ. This has given us valuable information on the businesses needs and has also strengthened the relationship between the businesses and the council.
- **3.6** Each EZ business received a pro-forma to gauge employee numbers and to determine recent investment and planned investment. Initial responses are very positive.

3.7 As a result of the evidence base work undertaken we have evidenced an increase in the number of jobs created on the site since April 2016, which previously hadn't been captured. These have been reflected in the recent quarterly submission to LCC. However a full job creation report will be completed and submitted once all the business visits have taken place by April and we have a full overview of the job numbers.

4. Business Support

- **4.1** The Wyre Business Survey online portal officially closed on 11 February. A synopsis report is currently being developed which we will publish in late March.
- **4.2** A steering group for Wyred up has been established. The steering group reflects the four key themes Housing, Economy, Education and Skills, and Community Health and Wellbeing.
- **4.3** Wyred Up will continue as a business networking group, and four focused events will take place throughout the year reflecting the four key themes.
- **4.4** The Wyred Up re-launch event is taking place on 25 April, where businesses who wish to be involved with the new group are being invited to attend.

5. Coastal Community Fund (CCF)

- 5.1 A meeting took place on 8 February at Disability First with Blackpool and Fylde Councils to assist in the delivery of their £985,522 CCF 5 grant. 50 business access audits in each borough are currently taking place to identify possible improvements in terms of providing full access to people with disabilities. We are also assisting the marketing of the project working closely with the new Marketing Officer who has been appointed as part of the project.
- 5.2 A launch event has been organised to take place at the Spanish Hall, Winter Gardens. This will include the launch of the app, a celebratory guest appearance and performance from Lee Ridley 'The Lost Voice' winner of Britain's Got Talent 2018. Blackpool Transport will be providing two buses for 'live' testing of the app. Local disability groups from across the Fylde Coast have been invited to the event. Events will be taking place in each authority area. In Wyre we have confirmed performers Illabilities, an International Breakdance Crew of differently-abled dancers, and Dame Evelyn Glennie a Scottish virtuoso percussionist. She has been profoundly deaf since the age of 12.
- 5.3 A Stage 2 CCF 5 bid was submitted on 21 January 2019. The bid is aimed at boosting the Wyre coastline economy by joining up the Cleveleys to Fleetwood coastline with digital signage, an interactive app and the redevelopment and modernisation of Fleetwood Market to provide space for new business start-ups, create 50 jobs and increase visitor numbers to the town.

5.4 The Project Delivery Team have made a presentation to a CCF 5 representative who was given a tour of the market and answered a number of detailed questions regarding delivery of the project. It is likely a decision on the bid will be announced in early April.

6. Planning policy

Local Plan

- 6.1 The Local Plan was formally adopted by the Council on 28 February. One of the key policies of the Plan (Policy LPR1) required that a partial review of the plan be commenced prior to the end of 2019. Scoping for this partial review will commence in April 2019.
- 6.2 The Great Eccleston Masterplan which relates to the village extension as proposed in the Local Plan was subject to a six week consultation period. The extension to the village will create a mixed use development including residential and employment uses, a community hall, medical centre, new primary school and local small convenience store.
- 6.3 The consultation, based on a series of masterplan concepts and supporting materials that illustrated alternative ways in which the site could be developed, resulted in a total of 31 responses from organisations and local people. Council officers are working with De Pol Associates to consider the comments made and to progress to a draft masterplan for consideration by the Planning Policy Working Group.
- 6.4 Officers are also currently working pro-actively with developers and landowners on masterplans for allocations at Forton, Hollins Lane (Land East of Hollins Lane), Poulton-le-Fylde (Blackpool Road) and Thornton (Lambs Road).

7. Comments and questions

7.1 In accordance with procedure rule 11.3 any member of Council will be able to ask me a question or make a comment on the contents of my report or on any issue, which falls within my area of responsibility. I will respond to any such questions or comments in accordance with Procedure Rule 11.5.

dems/cou/cr/19/0404 Planning

Agenda Item 7e



Report of:	То:	Date
Councillor Roger Berry, Neighbourhood Services and Community Safety Portfolio Holder	Council	4 April 2019

Executive Report: Neighbourhood Services and Community Safety Portfolio Holder

1. Purpose of report

1.1 To inform council of progress on key objectives and the current position on issues within the Neighbourhood Services and Community Safety Portfolio as set out below.

2. Community safety

Victim Services - performance

- 2.1 Wyre Council together with other District Authorities and the Police and Crime Commissioner's Office contributes to the Pan Lancashire Victim Services commissioned in 2017 which, between April 2018 and the end of November 2018, received 858 Wyre referrals from a variety of agencies. As you would expect the vast majority of these referrals were made by the police and during this period they referred 513 cases to the service.
- 2.2 Of the 858 cases which were referred into the service 260 cases were rejected. The main reason for a case being rejected were that a safe phone contact was not provided; it was a duplicate case or the individual denied consent to be contacted. Of the remaining 598 referrals the vast majority of the victims in Wyre were identified as White British. The most affected age group were those aged between 25 and 34 and the majority of victims were female. 50% of the cases accepted by the service engaged with them, 18% of these were provided with immediate support only and 32% have been provided with ongoing support.
- 2.3 It is worth noting that in 2017/18 the service received 872 referrals between April 2017 and the end of March 2018, indicating that it will almost certainly be the case that the total number of cases referred for the current year will exceed last year's figures. In addition during 2017/18, 43% of the cases engaged with the service as opposed to 50% this year, indicating that the demand for the service is increasing.

Child sexual exploitation

- 2.4 Wyre Community Safety Partnership has obtained funding from the Police and Crime Commissioner's Office so that AlterEgo Creative Solutions Ltd can deliver Chelsea's Story to each of the secondary schools in Wyre. Chelsea's story is a powerful production highlighting the issue of Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE). The production is raising awareness of the warning signs and the journey that can result in a boy or girl being exploited. Each performance is followed by a plenary session and follow up work delivered by Fylde Coast Women's Aid's specialist team WIRED. This is part of a wider project which will also include every secondary school in Fylde.
- 2.5 Wyre Community Safety Partnership believe that the project will help children and young people to recognise what is consent, grooming and sexual exploitation. The project will provide an important platform to better assist potential and actual victims of exploitation and abuse to seek help from specialist agencies and professionals who have the expertise to respond to disclosures. It is estimated, by the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, that on average a child who has been abused will make seven attempts to tell an adult before any action is taken.

Lancashire Volunteer Partnership

2.6 At the recent meeting of the Police and Crime Panel for Lancashire a presentation was given by the Lancashire Volunteer Partnership (LVP) which works with a number of organisations within the County to better understand our communities. The partnership seeks to bring people closer together, to engage with local communities to improve lives and to reduce vulnerability whilst at the same time increasing volunteer numbers and confidence. The LVP is supported by the Police and Crime Commissioner and is already supported by Wyre Council staff and volunteers.

Community Safety Conferences

2.7 Together with Councillors Ballard and Barry Birch I attended a Cyber Security Conference at Ribby Hall Village. The conference highlighted the importance of choosing, using and protecting passwords, having internet security software, never revealing too much personal or financial information and the importance of not banking online when you are using unsecured Wi-Fi such as a hot spot in a cafe or hotel. A Modern Day Slavery Conference took place on 28 March and on 10 April a Business Crime Conference will be held. All these events are organised and sponsored by the Lancashire Partnership Against Crime (LANPAC) and the Police.

3. Housing

Homelessness Reduction Act 2017 - One Year On

- 3.1 The main provisions of the Homelessness Reduction Act 2017 were introduced on 1st April 2018. The Act placed new duties on local authorities to prevent homelessness at an earlier stage, provide more comprehensive advice to all those who approach the service and produce detailed action plans for those service users who require assistance.
- 3.2 Twelve months on from the introduction we can report on increases in demand and of the complexities of those in need of housing assistance. Although the overall number of presentations has only marginally increased (492 in 2017/18 compared with 506 to date (15 March 2019) the number of those in need of assistance has significantly increased.
- 3.3 External funding has been utilised to increase staffing levels within the Housing Options Team and fund external support through partner agencies. Further external funding opportunities are available and bids are ongoing to maximise the service the team can provide.
- 3.4 The availability of suitable accommodation continues to be a challenge and the full roll out of Universal Credit (UC) in December 2018 is proving to be a barrier to some private sector landlords in accepting prospective tenants on UC. The Housing Options Team are continuing to forge relationships with private sector landlords to increase available accommodation for service users.

Successful Bid For Homelessness Related Cold Weather Funding

- Following a successful bid we have been awarded £6,000 as part of a Cold Weather Fund from MHCLG. The funding opportunity was launched at the start of the year with a view to assisting rough sleepers and anyone else in need of accommodation during the winter.
- 3.6 The bid was linked to the Severe Weather Emergency Protocol (SWEP) which kicks in when the temperature drops to zero degrees or below for three consecutive nights. The fund encourages authorities to be more flexible this winter to keep rough sleepers safe, and if necessary to trigger SWEP based on factors such as wind, heavy rain and ice chill.
- 3.7 We have used the funding to provide additional temporary accommodation during SWEP provision, to provide basic furniture and food bundles and for support workers to engage with the service users to maximise benefits, signpost to any additional services required and to ascertain the root cause of homelessness to then source suitable permanent accommodation. The use of this funding is ongoing until such time as the night-time temperature is safely above the need for this extra provision.

Updates to My Home Choice

- 3.8 We have been working with Blackpool and Fylde Council's to make improvements to My Home Choice the Fylde Coast choice based lettings system for social housing. The improvements have included updates to the online system to make the application process simpler and faster and changes to enable more people to access the system to bid for properties.
- 3.9 The new system went live in January and has been well received by service users. A marketing strategy is being agreed to highlight the opportunities available for Fylde Coast residents to access social housing.

Regenda Homes

3.10 On 17 January myself, Cllr Lynne Bowen and officers met with Regenda Homes where we received updates on various projects in Fleetwood including on the Lighthouse View Extra Care Development and the extensive improvements underway to properties on the Flakefleet Estate. Regenda are also developing a Fleetwood 10 Year Vision Project which includes supporting employment skills and training, arts and creative learning, health and wellbeing and community inclusion. We will continue to support Regenda on these initiatives. The recent acclaimed production of Fleetwood Voice which was held at the Marine Hall was part of this project.

Proposed cuts to funding for Care and Repair (Wyre and Fylde)

3.11 Lancashire County Council are consulting on a proposal which might end funding for Home Improvement Services from January 2020. Care & Repair (Wyre and Fylde) relies on this funding to provide its services to elderly and disabled residents. Services include the Handyperson Service and help for clients dealing with home repairs. Residents are able to complete an online survey regarding the proposals which can be found at https://www.snapsurveys.com/wh/s.asp?k=154998187431.

4. Wyre Beach Management Scheme

- 4.1 The development of the studies required to produce an outline business case for the beach management scheme to the Environment Agency is ahead of programme. A short list of options has been produced. A contractor Volker Stevin has been appointed to assist with the pricing and buildability of the proposed options. Detailed topographic surveys have been undertaken of the area by the in-house team. A presentation on the scheme development to date has been given to Rossall Residents group and further wider public consultation is planned in April. Potential sources of recharge material have been investigated including surveying of the Fleetwood Island. An initial briefing note has been prepared for the Marine Management Organisation.
- **4.2** The scheme is on track for a commencement date in Spring 2020.

5. Flood Forum

- 5.1 A well-attended flood forum meeting took place on 7 March. A presentation was provided by the Wyre Rivers Trust on their work at Ainspool (Garstang / Churchtown) and potential natural solutions to assist with flooding through the retention of upstream water. This would also have the added benefits of improved water quality, less wash off of silts and positive bio diversity impacts. The Trust is also undertaking a scheme on Royles Brook near Stanah and has offered to assist within the urban catchment.
- 5.2 A response has been made to DEFRA's consultation proposals on "Improving our management of water in the environment". This is an important consultation which looks at the holistic management of water for the future. Unfortunately the consultation largely overlooked the role of District Councils.
- 5.3 Works to the Kirkland Embankment scheme, the first scheme in the country where a community group has procured and constructed a main river flood defence were substantially completed on 19 February.

6. Parking

- 6.1 New parking charges came into effect on 1 April. The changes to charges follow a consultation and review of parking and include lower cost options and multi car park tickets.
- 6.2 A report on motorhome overnight parking in Fleetwood and a business case for sluicing and provision of toilet and shower facilities has been prepared.

7. Comments and questions

7.1 In accordance with procedure rule 11.3 any member of council will be able to ask me a question or make a comment on the contents of my report or on any issue, which falls within my area of responsibility. I will respond to any such questions or comments in accordance with procedure rule 11.5.

dems/cou/cr/19/0404 Neighbourhood 7(e)





Report of:	То:	Date
Councillor Lynne Bowen, Leisure, Health and Community Engagement Portfolio Holder	Council	4 April 2019

Executive Report: Leisure, Health and Community Engagement Portfolio Holder

1. Purpose of report

1.1 To inform Council of progress on key objectives and the current position on issues within the Leisure, Health and Community Engagement Portfolio, as set out below.

2. Food safety

Brexit Preparations

2.1 As part of preparations associated with Brexit the Food Safety Team have been liaising with the Department for Environment Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) and local manufacturers who export fish products to the European Union (EU). At present these goods can move freely between the UK and the EU without border checks. However if the UK leaves the EU without a deal these goods will need to be accompanied by an Export Health Certificate. Without a certificate the goods will not be allowed into the EU. An Export Health Certificate for fish products can only be issued by Authorised Veterinarians or Authorised Officers of the council. The checks that will need to be undertaken are still being negotiated at a high level. To ensure there is sufficient capacity for officers to complete any necessary certification, arrangements have been made to cover the additional workload. The council is able to charge manufacturers on a cost recovery basis and intends to do so whilst keeping costs to a minimum.

3. Environmental health

Self-Neglect Framework Agreement

2.1 Lancashire County Council launched a Pan Lancashire Self-Neglect Framework Agreement on 20 March 2019 with the support of our officers who gave a presentation at the launch event in Preston. We have been closely involved in the development of the agreement and via integrated working with partner agencies we have been piloting a multi-agency self-neglect group.

3.2 We have successfully highlighted the impact of self-neglect not only on the individual concerned but also sometimes on neighbours and the community. Hoarded materials, for example, can provide harbourage for vermin which can subsequently impact upon neighbours. The council has a variety of powers and where we have appropriate evidence we can, and do, take enforcement action to remove any immediate hazards. However we recognise that it is only by working with our agency partners, including Adult Social Care and health services, that we can hope to reach a long term solution for both the individual who is self-neglecting and the community.

4. Arts and events

Street theatre

4.1 We have invited the Electric Sunshine Project to perform the traditional mummers play, St. George and the Dragon at a number of sites over the Easter Holidays. This mini-tour, delivered by professional actors, will see performances taking place at a number of our open air assets including Marsh Mill, Fleetwood Market, Wyre Estuary Country Park, Hawthorne Park, Garstang Town Centre and Cleveleys Plaza.

Event staff training

4.2 Via the Local Event Organisers Network (LEON) we are supporting local event organisers with two training packages. Firstly to accredit 24 voluntary marshals, so that they will be qualified to lead on traffic management elements during temporary road closures in which parades take place. And secondly, up to 30 voluntary event staff will be attending a one day course, run by the Arts and Events Development Officer, about creating a safe and secure event plan. Events in the borough are increasing in number and scale and part of the council's duty of care is to help and enable capacity building and skills for those who deliver such events.

5. Volunteering

5.1 New volunteering opportunities are being developed within Fleetwood. Fleetwood Job Centre aimed at helping those who are looking for work to get meaningful experience in the workplace with us. Our latest volunteer statistics are very strong with 213 active volunteers donating 32,939 hours during 2018.

6. Marine Hall and Thornton Little Theatre

6.1 February and March have been busy months at both of our theatres. The 37th CAMRA Annual Fleetwood Beer Festival that took place at Marine Hall and was another great success. Dates are already reserved in the diary for next year's event.

- 6.2 A particular highlight over those weeks was the 'Fleetwood Voice' performance which was the culmination of a year-long arts and heritage project in Fleetwood, initiated by Regenda and supported by the council. Composer John McHugh worked with local people, including musicians and those involved in the fishing industry and made recordings which inspired him to compose a piece of music, accompanied by video. This was premiered on the stage at Marine Hall by members of The Royal Liverpool Philharmonic Orchestra on 22 February. The free tickets were snapped up within weeks and the evening ended with an emotional standing ovation from the audience.
- 6.3 Over the Valentine's weekend Marine Hall hosted its first wedding of the year and also a Wedding Open Day to launch 'Wonderful Wyre Weddings'. The Lancashire and North West Magazine included a six page feature on our wedding venues in their March edition. The article featured photos and information about Marine Hall, Thornton Little Theatre, The Mount Pavilion and The Civic Centre. Over 50 potential customers attended the open day, and there has been a significant increase in wedding enquiries over the last month or so, resulting in more wedding bookings for 2019 and 2020 especially at Marine Hall and The Mount Pavilion.
- 6.4 The new online brochure for our wedding venues with a difference can be viewed at www.wyre.gov.uk/weddings. We will be adding further information, photographs and reviews over the coming months.
- 6.5 I am pleased that our theatres are to be part of The Access Fylde Coast Project led by Disability First. Funding has been secured through this project for a number of exciting and high profile disability friendly events at venues along the coast over this next year. Further details will be announced at the press launch which will take place at The Winter Gardens in Blackpool on 24 April.

7. Tourism and visitor services

7.1 The Discover Wyre Guide 2019 has launched in time for Easter 2019. There are digital and hard copy versions available. The Guide has been produced at no cost to the council with advertising revenue paying for both design and print costs. The guide has a strong online presence and will be the main focus of promotion to potential visitors on where to stay, play, eat and meet in Wyre. A copy of the guide is available at www.discoverwyre.co.uk.

8. Comments and questions

8.1 In accordance with procedure rule 11.3 any member of council will be able to ask me a question or make a comment on the contents of my report or on any issue, which falls within my area of responsibility. I will respond to any such questions or comments in accordance with procedure rule 11.5.





Report of:	Meeting	Date
Councillor Alan Vincent, Resources Portfolio Holder and Clare James, Head of Finance	Council	4 April 2019

Treasury Management Policy and Annual Investment Strategy, Minimum Revenue Provision Policy Statement and Capital Strategy 2019/20

1. Purpose of report

1.1 Confirmation of the Treasury Management Policy and Annual Investment Strategy, Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) Policy Statement and Capital Strategy 2019/20.

2. Outcomes

2.1 A Treasury Management Policy and Annual Investment Strategy, Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) Policy Statement and Capital Strategy 2019/20.

3. Recommendation

3.1 To approve the Treasury Management Policy and Annual Investment Strategy, MRP Policy Statement and Capital Strategy for 2019/20 as considered by Cabinet at their meeting 27 March 2019.

4. Background

- 4.1 A review of the Treasury Management Policy Statement, Treasury Management Practices, Strategy and MRP Policy Statement is undertaken each year and reported to Cabinet in March.
- 4.2 As part of the revised Prudential Code 2017, CIPFA introduced a new requirement for councils to publish a Capital Strategy (see Appendix 4) to be in place for 2019/20, this was also reported to Cabinet at their meeting 27 March 2019.
- 4.3 However in order to comply with the CIPFA Code of Practice for Treasury Management, the full Council is formally required to approve the Treasury Management Policy and Annual Investment Strategy, the MRP Policy Statement and the Capital Strategy for the forthcoming financial year.

5. Key issues and proposals

5.1 The Treasury Management Policy Statement and Annual Investment Strategy, MRP Policy Statement and Capital Strategy are attached in Appendices 1 to 4.

Financial and legal implications						
Finance	The financial implications arising from the adoption of the Treasury Management and Annual Investment Strategy, the MRP Policy Statement and the Capital Strategy have been reflected in the Revenue Estimates which were agreed by Cabinet at their meeting 13 February 2019.					
Legal	The approval of the recommendation will ensure that the revised Prudential Code 2017 and the CIPFA Code of Practice for Treasury Management have been complied with.					

Other risks/implications: checklist

If there are significant implications arising from this report on any issues marked with a \checkmark below, the report author will have consulted with the appropriate specialist officers on those implications and addressed them in the body of the report. There are no significant implications arising directly from this report, for those issues marked with a x.

risks/implications	√/x
community safety	X
equality and diversity	Х
sustainability	х
health and safety	х

risks/implications	√/x
asset management	X
climate change	х
ICT	х
data protection	Х

Processing Personal Data

In addition to considering data protection along with the other risks/ implications, the report author will need to decide if a 'privacy impact assessment (PIA)' is also required. If the decision(s) recommended in this report will result in the collection and processing of personal data for the first time (i.e. purchase of a new system, a new working arrangement with a third party) a PIA will need to have been completed and signed off by Data Protection Officer before the decision is taken in compliance with the Data Protection Act 2018.

report author	telephone no.	email	date	
Julie Woods	01253 887601	Julie.woods@wyre.gov.uk	12/03/19	

List of background papers:						
name of document	date	where available for inspection				
None						

List of appendices

Appendix 1 – Treasury Management Policy Statement 2019/20 Appendix 2 – Treasury Management and Annual Investment Strategy 2019/20

Appendix 3 – Minimum Revenue Provision Policy Statement

Appendix 4 – Capital Strategy 2019/20

dem/cou/cr/19/0404jw1

TREASURY MANAGEMENT POLICY STATEMENT 2019/20

Wyre Council defines its treasury management activities as follows: -

- The management of the authority's borrowing, investments and cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks.
- 2. The Council regards the successful identification, monitoring and control of risk to be the prime criteria by which the effectiveness of its treasury management activities will be measured. Accordingly, the analysis and reporting of treasury management activities will focus on their risk implications for the organisation, and any financial instruments entered into to manage these risks.
- 3. The Council acknowledges that effective treasury management will provide support towards the achievement of its business and service objectives. It is therefore committed to the principles of achieving value for money in treasury management and to employing suitable comprehensive performance measurement techniques, within the context of effective risk management.

Clauses to be formally adopted

- 4. The Council will create and maintain, as the cornerstones for effective treasury management:
 - a treasury management policy statement, stating the policies, objectives and approach to risk management of its treasury management activities, and;
 - suitable treasury management practices (TMPs), setting out the manner in which the organisation will seek to achieve those policies and objectives, and prescribing how it will manage and control those activities.

The content of the policy statement and TMPs will follow the recommendations contained in Sections 6 and 7 of the Code, subject only to amendment where necessary to reflect the particular circumstances of this organisation. Such amendments will not result in the organisation materially deviating from the Code's key principles.

- 5. The Council will receive reports on its treasury management policies, practices and activities, including, as a minimum, an annual strategy and plan in advance of the year, a mid-year review and an annual report after its close, in the form prescribed in its TMPs.
- 6. The Council delegates responsibility for the implementation and regular monitoring of its treasury management practices to Cabinet, and for the execution and administration of treasury management decisions to the Head of Finance, who will act in accordance with the organisation's policy statement and TMPs and CIPFA's Standard of Professional Practice on Treasury Management.
- 7. The Council nominates the Overview and Scrutiny Committee to be responsible for ensuring effective scrutiny of the treasury management strategy and policies.

TREASURY MANAGEMENT STRATEGY AND ANNUAL INVESTMENT STRATEGY 2019/20

1. Introduction

1.1 Background

The council is required to operate a balanced budget, which broadly means that cash raised during the year will meet cash expenditure. Part of the treasury management operation is to ensure that this cash flow is adequately planned, with cash being available when it is needed. Surplus monies are invested in low risk counterparties or instruments commensurate with the council's low risk appetite, providing adequate liquidity initially before considering investment return.

The second main function of the treasury management service is the funding of the council's capital plans. These capital plans provide a guide to the borrowing need of the council, essentially the longer term cash flow planning to ensure that the council can meet its capital spending obligations. This management of longer term cash may involve arranging long or short term loans, or using longer term cash flow surpluses. On occasion, when it is prudent and economic, any debt previously drawn may be restructured to meet council risk or cost objectives.

The contribution of the treasury management function makes to the authority is critical, as the balance of debt and investment operations ensure liquidity or the ability to meet spending commitments as they fall due, either on day-to-day revenue or for larger capital projects. The treasury operations will see a balance of the interest costs of debt and the investment income arising from cash deposits affecting the available budget. Since cash balances generally result from reserves and balances, it is paramount to ensure the adequate security of the sums invested, as a loss of principal will in effect result in a loss to the General Fund Balance.

CIPFA defines treasury management as:

"The management of the local authority's borrowing, investments and cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks."

Revised reporting is required for the 2019/20 reporting cycle owing to revisions of the Ministry of Housing Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) Investment Guidance, the MHCLG Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) Guidance, the CIPFA Prudential Code and the CIPFA Treasury Management Code. The primary reporting changes include the introduction of a Capital Strategy see Appendix 5, to provide a longer term focus to the capital plans, and greater reporting requirements surrounding any commercial activity undertaken under the Localism Act 2011.

A report to Cabinet on 16 January 2019 established a new Property Investment Fund. This fund has been established to allow the council to explore the income generation potential from an expanded property portfolio and the economic regeneration this can create in line with the council's business plan.

1.2 Reporting requirements

Capital Strategy

The CIPFA revised 2017 Prudential and Treasury Management Codes require, for 2019/20, all local authorities to prepare a capital strategy report which will provide the following:

- A high-level long term overview of how capital expenditure, capital financing and treasury management activity contribute to the provision of services
- An overview of how the associated risk is managed
- The implications for future financial sustainability

The aim of the capital strategy which is included within this report at Appendix 5 is to ensure that all elected members on the full council fully understand the overall long-term policy objectives and resulting capital strategy requirements, governance procedures and risk appetite.

Treasury Management Reporting

The council is currently required to receive and approves, as a minimum, three main reports each year, which incorporate a variety of policies, estimates and actuals.

Prudential and Treasury Indicators and Treasury Strategy (this report) - The first, and most important report covers:

- the capital plans (including prudential indicators);
- a Minimum Revenue Provision Policy (how residual capital expenditure is charged to revenue over time);
- the Treasury Management Strategy (how the investments and borrowings are to be organised) including treasury indicators; and
- an Investment Strategy (the parameters on how investments are to be managed).

A Mid-Year Treasury Management Report – This will update members with the progress of the capital position, amending prudential indicators as necessary, and whether any policies require revision.

An Annual Treasury Report – This provides details of a selection of actual prudential indicators and actual treasury operations compared to the estimates within the strategy.

Scrutiny

The Overview and Scrutiny Committee are responsible for ensuring effective scrutiny of the Treasury Management Strategy and Policies and their annual work programme reflects this requirement.

1.3 Treasury Management Strategy for 2019/20

The strategy for 2019/20 covers two main areas:

Capital Issues

- the capital plans and the prudential indicators;
- the minimum revenue provision (MRP) policy.

Treasury Management Issues

- the current treasury position;
- treasury indicators which will limit the treasury risk and activities of the council:
- prospects for interest rates;
- the borrowing strategy;
- policy on borrowing in advance of need;
- debt rescheduling;
- the investment strategy;
- · creditworthiness policy; and
- policy on the use of external service providers.

These elements cover the requirements of the Local Government Act 2003, the CIPFA Prudential Code, the MHCLG MRP Guidance, the CIPFA Treasury Management Code and the MHCLG Investment Guidance.

1.4 Training

The CIPFA Code requires the responsible officer to ensure that members with responsibility for treasury management receive adequate training in treasury management. This especially applies to members responsible for scrutiny. All members were invited to attend a Treasury Management training session delivered by our Treasury Management Consultants prior to the Council meeting 18 January 2018 and a further training session was held on 13 November 2018 for Overview and Scrutiny Committee. Training will be ongoing as required.

The training needs of treasury management officers are periodically reviewed.

1.5 Treasury Management Consultants

The council uses Link Asset Services, Treasury solutions as its external treasury management advisors.

The council recognises that responsibility for treasury management decisions remains with the organisation at all times and will ensure that undue reliance is not placed upon our external providers. All decisions will be undertaken with regards to all available information, including, but not solely, our treasury advisors.

It also recognises that there is value in employing external providers of treasury management services in order to acquire access to specialist skills and resources. The council will ensure that the terms of their appointment and the methods by which their value will be assessed are properly agreed and documented, and subjected to regular review.

2. The Capital Prudential Indicators 2018/19 to 2023/24

The council's capital expenditure plans are the key driver of treasury management activity. The output of the capital expenditure plans is reflected in the prudential indicators, which are designed to assist members' overview and confirm capital expenditure plans. The Prudential Indicators, capital expenditure plans and how these plans are being financed by capital or revenue resources were approved by Cabinet at its meeting on 13 February 2019.

2.1 Capital Expenditure

This prudential indicator is a summary of the council's Capital expenditure plans, both those agreed previously, and those forming part of this budget cycle.

Capital	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
expendit	Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	Con	Con	Cm	Cm	Cm	£m	Cm.
ure	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	ZIII	£m

Other long term liabilities. The above financing need excludes other long term liabilities, such as PFI and leasing arrangements which already include borrowing instruments.

The following table below summarises how the previous table's capital expenditure plans are being financed by capital or revenue resources. Any shortfall of resources results in a need to borrow.

Financing of Capital	2017/18 Actual	2018/19 Estimate	2019/20 Estimate	2020/21 Estimate	2021/22 Estimate	2022/23 Estimate	2023/24 Estimate
Expenditure	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£,000	£'000	£'000
Capital receipts	90	63	36	0	0	0	0
Capital Grants and Contributions	12,124	7,973	3,081	2,401	1,769	1,769	1,769
Revenue/Rese rves	426	1,048	3,109	427	224	61	73
Net financing need for the year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

2.2 The Council's Borrowing Need (the Capital Financing Requirement)

The second prudential indicator is the Council's Capital Financing Requirement (CFR). The CFR is simply the total historic outstanding capital expenditure which has not yet been paid for from either revenue or capital sources. It is essentially a measure of the council's indebtedness and so it's underlying borrowing need. Any capital expenditure, which has not

immediately been paid for through a revenue or capital resource, will increase the CFR.

The CFR does not increase indefinitely, as the minimum revenue provision (MRP) is a statutory annual revenue charge which broadly reduces the indebtedness in line with each asset's life, and so charges the economic consumption of capital assets as they are used.

The CFR includes any other long term liabilities (e.g. PFI Schemes, finance leases). Whilst these increase the CFR, and therefore the council's borrowing requirement, these types of scheme include a borrowing facility by the PFI, PPP lease provider and so the council is not required to separately borrow for these schemes. The council does not currently have any such schemes within the CFR.

	2017/18 Actual £'000	2018/19 Estimate £'000	2019/20 Estimate £'000	2020/21 Estimate £'000	2021/22 Estimate £'000	2022/23 Estimate £'000	2023/24 Estimate £'000			
C	Capital Financing Requirement									
Total CFR	11,452	11,356	11,260	11,164	11,068	10,972	10,876			
Movement in CFR	-96	-96	-96	-96	-96	-96	-96			

Movement in CFR represented by								
MRP and	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	
other								
financing								
movements								

The council's Capital Financing Requirement is shown gross of Adjustment A (the unreconciled difference between the previous credit ceiling and the new CFR per the Prudential Code). In essence, Adjustment A provides a debt liability of £9.5m which the council is not required to repay through MRP.

2.3 Core funds and expected investment balances

The application of resources (capital receipts, reserves etc.) to either finance expenditure or other budget decisions to support the revenue budget will have an ongoing impact on investments unless resources are supplemented each year from new sources (asset sales etc.). Detailed below are estimates of the year-end balances for each resource and anticipated day-to-day cash flow balances.

Year End	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Resources	Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fund balances/	21,306	21,281	19,497	18,223	16,644	14,774	12,375
reserves							
Capital receipts	147	698	662	662	662	662	662
Provisions	1,783	1,783	2,496	2,496	2,496	2,496	2,496
Other							
Total core	23,236	23,762	22,655	21,381	19,802	17,932	15,533
funds							
Working capital*	436	436	436	436	436	436	436
Expected	23,672	24,198	23,091	21,817	20,238	18,368	15,969
Investments							

*Working capital balances shown are estimated year-end; these may be higher mid-year.

2.4 Minimum Revenue Provision Policy Statement

The council is required to pay off an element of the accumulated General Fund capital spend each year (the CFR) through a revenue charge (the minimum revenue provision – MRP), although it is also allowed to undertake additional voluntary payments if required (voluntary revenue provision – VRP). MHCLG regulations have been issued which require the full Council to approve an MRP Statement in advance of each year. The Council is recommended to approve the MRP Policy Statement at Appendix 4.

2.4 Affordability Prudential Indicators

The previous sections cover the overall capital and control of borrowing prudential indicators, but within this framework prudential indicators are required to assess the affordability of the capital investment plans. These provide an indication of the impact of the capital investment plans on the council's overall finances.

%	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
Ratios	0.59	0.40	0.16	-0.29	0.13	-0.05	-0.05

This indicator identifies the trend in the cost of capital (borrowing costs net of investment income) against the net revenue stream.

2.5 Control of Interest Rate Exposure

Please see following paragraphs 3.3 and 3.4 and 4.4.

3. Borrowing

The capital expenditure plans set out in Section 2 provide details of the service activity of the council. The treasury management function ensures that the council's cash is organised in accordance with the relevant professional codes, so that sufficient cash is available to meet this service activity and the Council's capital strategy. This will involve both the organisation of the cash flow and, where capital plans require, the organisation of appropriate borrowing facilities. The strategy covers the relevant treasury/prudential indicators, the current and projected debt positions and the annual investment strategy.

3.1. Current portfolio position

The overall treasury management portfolio as at 31 March 2018 and for the position as at 11 February 2019 are shown below for borrowing and investments.

Treasury Portfolio						
Treasury Investments	Actual 31.03.18 £000	Actual % 31.03.18	Current 11.02.19 £000	Current % 11.02.19		
Banks	9,775	68%	18,670	76%		
Money Market Funds	1,650	11%	6,000	24%		
Local Authority	3,000	21%	0	0%		
Total Treasury Investments	14,425	100%	24,670	100%		

Total External Borrowing	1,552	100%	1,552	100%
Net Treasury Investments	12,697			

The council's forward projections for borrowing are summarised on the following table. The table shows the actual external debt (the treasury management operations), against the underlying capital borrowing need (the Capital Financing Requirement - CFR) highlighting any over or under borrowing.

£000	2017/18 Actual	2018/19 Estimate	2019/20 Estimate	2020/21 Estimate	2021/22 Estimate	2022/23 Estimate	2023/24 Estimate
External Debt							
Debt at 1 April	1,552	1,552	1,552	1,552	1,552	1,552	1,552
Expected change in Debt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Long Term Liabilities (OLTL)	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Expected change in OLTL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Actual Gross Debt at 31 March	1,560	1,560	1,560	1,560	1,560	1,560	1,560
Capital Financing Requirement	11,452	11,356	11,260	11,164	11,068	10,972	10,876
Under/(over) borrowing	9,892	9,796	9,700	9,604	9,508	9,412	9,316

Within the range of prudential indicators there are a number of key indicators to ensure that the council operates its activities within well-defined limits. One of these is that the council needs to ensure that its gross debt does not, except in the short term, exceed the total of the CFR in the preceding year plus the estimates of any additional CFR for 2018/19 and the following two financial years. This allows some flexibility for limited, early borrowing for future years, but ensures that borrowing is not undertaken for revenue or speculative purposes.

The Head of Finance reports that the council complied with this prudential indicator in the current year and does not envisage difficulties for the future. This view takes into account current commitments, existing plans, and the proposals in this budget report.

3.2. Treasury Indicators: Limits to Borrowing Activity

The Council is required to approve an 'authorised limit' and an 'operational boundary' for external debt. The Treasury Management indicators were approved by the Cabinet at its meeting on 13 February 2019 alongside the prudential indicators, capital expenditure plans and how these plans are being financed by capital or revenue resources.

The operational boundary

This is the limit beyond which external debt is not normally expected to exceed. In most cases this would be a similar figure to the CFR, but may be lower or higher depending on the levels of actual debt and the ability to fund underborrowing by other cash resources.

<u> </u>						
Operational	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
boundary	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
-	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Debt	13,452	13,452	13,452	13,452	13,452	13,452

Other long term	7	7	7	7	7	7
liabilities						
Total	13,459	13,459	13,459	13,459	13,459	13,459

The authorised limit for external debt

A further key prudential indicator represents a control on the maximum level of borrowing. The 'authorised limit' is a prudent estimate of external debt, but allows sufficient headroom for unusual cash flow movements.

This is the statutory limit determined under section 3 (1) of the Local Government Act 2003. The Government retains an option to control either the total of all councils' plans, or those of a specific council, although this power has not yet been exercised.

The Council is asked to approve the following authorised limit:

<u> </u>						
Authorised limit	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Debt	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Other long term liabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000

3.3. Prospects for Interest Rates

The council has appointed Link Asset Services (formerly Capita Asset Services) as its treasury advisor and part of their service is to assist the council to formulate a view on interest rates and provide an economic commentary as follows:-

Annual Average % as at the quarter ending:	Bank Rate %	PWLB Rates %				
		5 year	10 year	25 year	50 year	
March 2019	0.75	2.10	2.50	2.90	2.70	
June 2019	1.00	2.20	2.60	3.00	2.80	
Sept 2019	1.00	2.20	2.60	3.10	2.90	
Dec 2019	1.00	2.30	2.70	3.10	2.90	
March 2020	1.25	2.30	2.80	3.20	3.00	
June 2020	1.25	2.40	2.90	3.30	3.10	
Sept 2020	1.25	2.50	2.90	3.30	3.10	
Dec 2020	1.50	2.50	3.00	3.40	3.20	
March 2021	1.50	2.60	3.00	3.40	3.20	
June 2021	1.75	2.60	3.10	3.50	3.30	
Sept 2021	1.75	2.70	3.10	3.50	3.30	
Dec 2021	1.75	2.80	3.20	3.60	3.40	
March 2022	2.00	2.80	3.20	3.60	3.40	

The flow of generally positive economic statistics after the quarter ended 30 June 2018 meant that it came as no surprise that the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) came to a decision on 2 August to make the first increase in Bank Rate above 0.5% since the financial crash, from 0.5% to 0.75%. Growth became

increasingly strong during 2018 until slowing significantly during the last quarter. At their November quarterly Inflation Report meeting, the MPC left the Bank Rate unchanged, but expressed some concern at the Chancellor's fiscal stimulus in his Budget, which could increase inflationary pressures. However, it is unlikely that the MPC would increase the Bank Rate in February 2019, ahead of the deadline in March for Brexit. On a major assumption that Parliament and the EU agree a Brexit deal in the first quarter of 2019, then the next increase in Bank Rate is forecast to be in May 2019, followed by increases in February and November 2020, before ending up at 2.0% in February 2022.

The overall longer run future trend is for gilt yields, and consequently PWLB rates, to rise, albeit gently. However, over about the last 25 years, there has been a period of falling bond yields as inflation subsided to, and then stabilised at, much lower levels than before, and supported by central banks implementing substantial quantitative easing purchases of government and other debt after the financial crash of 2008. Quantitative easing, conversely, also caused a rise in equity values as investors searched for higher returns and purchased riskier assets. 2016 saw the start of a reversal of this trend with a sharp rise in bond yields after the US Presidential election in November 2016, with yields then rising further as a result of the big increase in the US government deficit aimed at stimulating even stronger economic growth. That policy change also created concerns around a significant rise in inflationary pressures in an economy which was already running at remarkably low levels of unemployment. Unsurprisingly, the Fed has continued on its series of robust responses to combat its perception of rising inflationary pressures by repeatedly increasing the Fed rate to reach 2.25 – 2.50% in December 2018. It has also continued its policy of not fully reinvesting proceeds from bonds that it holds as a result of quantitative easing, when they mature. We therefore saw US 10 year bond Treasury yields rise above 3.2% during October 2018 and also investors causing a sharp fall in equity prices as they sold out of holding riskier assets. However, by early January 2019, US 10 year bond yields had fallen back considerably on fears that the Fed was being too aggressive in raising interest rates and was going to cause a recession. Equity prices have been very volatile on alternating good and bad news during this period.

From time to time, gilt yields, and therefore PWLB rates, can be subject to exceptional levels of volatility due to geo-political, sovereign debt crisis, emerging market developments and sharp changes in investor sentiment. Such volatility could occur at any time during the forecast period.

Economic and interest rate forecasting remains difficult with so many external influences weighing on the UK. The above forecasts (and MPC decisions) will be liable to further amendment depending on how economic data and developments in financial markets transpire over the next year. Geopolitical developments, especially in the EU, could also have a major impact. Forecasts for average investment earnings beyond the three-year time horizon will be heavily dependent on economic and political developments.

Investment and borrowing rates

Investment returns are likely to remain low during 2019/20 but to be on a gently rising trend over the next few years.

Borrowing interest rates have been volatile so far in 2018/19 and while they were on a rising trend during the first half of the year, they have backtracked since then until early January. The policy of avoiding new borrowing by running down spare cash balances has served well over the last few years. However, there is a need for this to be carefully reviewed to avoid incurring high borrowing costs in the future when authorities may not be able to avoid new borrowing to finance capital expenditure and/or the refinancing of mature debt;

There will remain a 'cost of carry' (the difference between borrowing costs and investment returns) to any new long-term borrowing that causes a temporary increase in cash balances as this position will, most likely, incur a revenue cost.

3.4. Borrowing Strategy

The council is currently maintaining an under-borrowed position. This means that the capital borrowing need (the Capital Financing Requirement) has not been fully funded with loan debt as cash supporting the council's reserves, balances and cash flow has been used as a temporary measure. This strategy is prudent as investment returns are low and counterparty risk is still an issue that needs to be considered.

Against this background and the risks within the economic forecast, caution will be adopted with the 2019/20 treasury operations. The Head of Finance will monitor interest rates in financial markets and adopt a pragmatic approach to changing circumstances:

- if it were felt that there was a significant risk of a sharp FALL in long and short term rates, (e.g. due to a marked increase of risks around relapse into recession or of risks of deflation), then long term borrowings will be postponed, and potential rescheduling from fixed rate funding into short term borrowing will be considered.
- if it were felt that there was a significant risk of a much sharper RISE in long and short term rates than that currently forecast, perhaps arising from an acceleration in the start date and in the rate of increase in central rates in the USA and UK, an increase in world economic activity or a sudden increase in inflation risks, then the portfolio position will be re-appraised with the likely action that fixed rate funding will be drawn whilst interest rates are lower than they are projected to be in the next few years.

Any decisions will be reported to Council at the next available opportunity.

The council doesn't have any plans in the short to medium term to undertake any further borrowing.

3.5 Policy in Borrowing in Advance of Need

The council will not borrow more than or in advance of its needs purely in order to profit from the investment of the extra sums borrowed. Any decision to borrow in advance will be within forward approved Capital Financing Requirement estimates, and will be considered carefully to ensure value for money can be demonstrated and that the council can ensure the security of such funds. Risks associated with any borrowing in advance will be subject to prior appraisal and subsequent reporting through the mid-year or annual reporting mechanism.

3.6 Debt Rescheduling

As short term borrowing rates will be considerably cheaper than longer term fixed interest rates, there may be potential opportunities to generate savings by switching from long term debt to short term debt. However, these savings will need to be considered in the light of the current treasury position and the size of the cost of debt repayment (premiums incurred).

The reasons for any rescheduling to take place will include:

- a) The generation of cash savings and/or discounted cash flow savings;
- b) Helping to fulfil the treasury strategy;
- c) Enhance the balance of the portfolio (amend the maturity profile and/or the balance of volatility).

Consideration will also be given to identify if there is any residual potential for making savings by running down investment balances to repay debt prematurely as short term rates on investment are likely to be lower than rates paid on current debt.

All rescheduling will be reported to Council at the earliest meeting following its action.

4. Annual Investment Strategy

4.1 Investment policy

The Council's investment policy has regard to the MHCLG's Guidance on Local Government Investments ("the Guidance"), the CIPFA Treasury Management in Public Services Code of Practice and Cross Sectoral Guidance Notes 2017 ("the CIPFA TM Code") and the CIPFA Treasury Management Guidance Notes 2018. The council's investment priorities will be security first, liquidity second and then return.

The above guidance from MHCLG and CIPFA place a high priority on the management of risk. The authority has adopted a prudent approach to managing risk and defines its risk appetite by the following means:-

- 1. Minimum acceptable **credit criteria** are applied in order to generate a list of highly creditworthy counterparties. This also enables diversification and thus avoidance of concentration risk. The key ratings used to monitor counterparties are the short-term and long-term ratings.
- 2. Other information: ratings will not be the sole determinant of quality of an institution; it is important to continually assess and monitor the financial sector on both a micro and macro basis and in relation to the economic and political environments in which institutions operate. The assessment will also take account of information that reflects the opinion of the markets. To achieve this consideration the Council will engage with its advisors to maintain a monitor on market pricing such as "credit default swaps" and overlay that information on top of the credit ratings.
- 3. **Other information sources** used will include the financial press, share price and other such information pertaining to the banking sector in order to establish the most robust scrutiny process on the suitability of potential investment counterparties.
- 4. **Types of investment instruments** identified for use in the financial year are listed in Treasury Management Practices (TMP) Schedule 1 under the 'specified' and 'non-specified' investments categories.
- 5. **Lending limits** for each counterparty are set in the Creditworthiness policy (see 4.2).
- 6. Investments will only be placed with counterparties from countries with a specified minimum **sovereign rating** (see 4.4).
- 7. This authority has engaged **external consultants**,(see 1.5) to provide expert advise on how to optimise an appropriate balance of security, liquidity and yield, given the risk appetite of this authority in the context of the expected level of cash balances and need for liquidity throughout the year.
- 8. All investments will be denominated in **sterling**.

9. As a result of the change in accounting standards for 2018/19 under **IFRS9**, this authority will consider the implications of investment instruments which could result in an adverse movement in the value of the amount invested and resultant charges at the end of the year to the General Fund. (In November 2018 the MHCLG concluded a consultation for a temporary override to allow English local authorities time to adjust their portfolio of pooled investments by announcing a statutory override to delay implementation of IFRS 9 for five years commencing 1 April 2018.)

4.2 Creditworthiness Policy

This council applies the creditworthiness service provided by Link Asset Services. This service employs a sophisticated modelling approach utilising credit ratings from the three main credit rating agencies - Fitch, Moody's and Standard and Poor's. The credit ratings of counterparties are supplemented with the following overlays:

- credit watches and credit outlooks from credit rating agencies
- Credit Default Swaps (CDS) spreads to give early warning of likely changes in credit ratings
- sovereign ratings to select counterparties from only the most creditworthy countries

This modelling approach combines credit ratings, credit watches and credit outlooks in a weighted scoring system which is then combined with an overlay of CDS spreads for which the end product is a series of colour coded bands which indicate the relative creditworthiness of counterparties. These colour codes are used by the council to determine the suggested duration for investments. The council will therefore use counterparties within the following durational bands:

Yellow 5 years (only Local Authorities)

Dark Pink 5 years for Ultra-Short Dated Bond Funds with credit score of 1.25
 Light Pink 5 years for Ultra-Short Dated Bond Funds with credit score of 1.5

Purple 2 years

Blue 1 year (only applies to nationalised or semi nationalised UK Banks)

Orange 1 year
Red 6 months
Green 100 days
No colour Not to be used

Organisation	Minimum credit criteria / colour band	Max Amount per institution	Max. maturity Period
Term deposits with UK Clearing Banks and UK Building Societies	Purple Blue Orange Red Green	£6m £6m £6m £6m £6m	Up to 2 years Up to 1 year* Up to 1 year Up to 6 months Up to 100 days

Organisation	Minimum credit criteria / colour band	Max Amount per institution	Max. maturity Period
Term Deposits with Other Banks	Orange Red Green	£6m £6m £6m	Up to 1 year Up to 6 months Up to 100 days
Certificates of Deposit with UK Clearing Banks and UK Building Societies	Purple Blue Orange Red Green	£6m £6m £6m £6m £6m	Up to 2 years Up to 1 year* Up to 1 year Up to 6 months Up to 100 days
UK Local Authorities	Yellow	£6m £6m	Up to 5 years Up to 1 year
Ultra-Short Dated Bond with credit score of 1.25	Dark pink / AAA	£6m	liquid
Ultra- Short Dated Bond Funds with credit score of 1.5	Light pink / AAA	£6m	liquid
Money Market Funds - CNAV, LVNAV or VNAV	AAA	£6m	liquid

^{*} Part nationalised banks

The Link Asset Services creditworthiness service uses a wider array of information than just primary ratings and by using a risk weighted scoring system, does not give undue preponderance to just once agency's ratings.

Typically the minimum credit ratings criteria the council use will be a Short Term rating (Fitch or equivalents) of F1 and a Long Term rating of A-. There may be occasions when the counterparty ratings from one rating agency are marginally lower than these ratings but may still be used. In these instances consideration will be given to the whole range of ratings available, or other topical market information, to support their use.

All credit ratings will be monitored weekly but the council is alerted to changes to ratings of all three agencies through the use of the Link Asset Services creditworthiness service.

- if a downgrade results in the counterparty / investment scheme no longer meeting the council's minimum criteria, its further use as a new investment will be withdrawn immediately.
- in addition to the use of credit ratings the council will be advised of information in movements in credit default swap spreads against the

iTraxx benchmark and other market data on a daily basis via its Passport website, provided exclusively to it by Link Asset Services. Extreme market movements may result in the downgrade of an institution or removal from the council's lending list.

Sole reliance will not be placed on the use of this external service. In addition the council will also use market data and market information and information on any external support for banks to help support its decision making process.

4.3 UK Banks - ring fencing

The largest UK banks, (those with more than £25bn of retail/Small and Medium sized Enterprise(SME) deposits), are required by law, to separate core retail banking services from their investment and international banking activities by 1 January 2019. This is known as 'ring-fencing'. While smaller banks with less than £25bn in deposits are exempt, they can choose to opt up. Several banks are very close to the threshold already and so may come into scope in the future regardless.

Ring-fencing is a regulatory initiative created in response to the global financial crisis. It mandates the separation of retail and SME deposits from investment banking, in order to improve the resilience and resolvability of banks by changing their structure. In general, simpler, activities offered from within a ring-fenced bank, (RFB), will be focused on lower risk, day-to-day core transactions, whilst more complex and "riskier" activities are required to be housed in a separate entity, a non-ring-fenced bank, (NRFB). This is intended to ensure that an entity's core activities are not adversely affected by the acts or omissions of other members of its regulatory group.

While the structure of the banks included within this process may have changed, the fundamentals of credit assessment have not. The Council will continue to assess the new-formed entities in the same way that it does others and those with sufficiently high ratings, (and any other metrics considered), will be considered for investment purposes.

4.4 Country Limits

The council has determined that it will only use approved counterparties from countries (excluding the UK) with a minimum sovereign credit rating of AA- from Fitch (or equivalent). The list of countries that qualify using this credit criteria as at 21 January 2019 are shown in Annex 1. This list will be added to, or deducted from, by officers should ratings change prior to any investments being made outside of the UK.

4.4 Investment Strategy

In-House Funds

Investments will be made with reference to the level of earmarked reserves and cash flow requirements and the outlook for short term interest rates (i.e. rates for Investments up to 12 months). Greater returns are usually obtainable by investing for longer periods. While most cash balances are required in order to manage the ups and downs of cashflow, where cash sums can be identified that

could be invested for longer periods, the value to be obtained from longer term investments will be carefully assessed.

- If it is thought that the Bank Rate is likely to rise significantly within the time horizon being considered, then consideration will be given to keeping most investments as being short term or variable.
- Conversely, if it is thought that the Bank Rate is likely to fall within that time period, consideration will be given to locking in higher rates currently obtainable, for longer periods.

Investment returns expectations

The Bank Rate is forecast to increase steadily but slowly over the next few years to reach 2.00% by quarter 1 2022. Bank Rate forecasts for financial year ends (March) are as follows: -

- 2018/2019 0.75%
- 2019/2020 1.25%
- 2020/2021 1.50%
- 2021/2022 2.00%

The suggested budgeted investment earnings rates for returns on investments placed for periods of up to about three months during each financial year are as follows:

- 2018/2019 0.75%
- 2019/2020 1.00%
- 2020/2021 1.50%
- 2021/2022 1.75%
- 2022/2023 1.75%
- 2023/2024 2.00%
- Later years 2.50%

The overall balance of risks to economic growth in the UK is probably neutral. The balance of risks to increases in Bank Rates and shorter term PWLB rates, are probably also even and are dependent on the strength of GDP growth, how slowly inflation pressures subside and how quickly the Brexit negotiations move forward positively. The council has determined the budget for investment returns at 0.90% on investments placed during the 2019/20 financial year. This was based on the current investment profile.

4.5 Investment treasury indicator

There are currently no plans for funds to be invested for a period greater than 364 days. These limits are set with regard to the council's liquidity requirements and to reduce the need for early sale of an investment and are based on the availability of funds after each year end. For its cash flow generated balances, the council will seek to utilise its instant access and notice accounts, money market funds, short dated deposits (overnight to 100 days) and 6 month deposits in order to benefit from compounding of interest.

4.6 Investment risk benchmarking

This council will use an investment benchmark to assess the investment performance of its investment portfolio of 7 day LIBID (London Interbank Bid Rate).

4.7 End of year investment report

At the end of the financial year, the Council will report on its investment activity as part of its Annual Treasury Report.

4.8 Non-treasury investments

This council recognises that investment in other financial assets and property primarily for financial return, taken for non-treasury management purposes, requires careful investment management. Such activity includes loans supporting service outcomes, investments in subsidiaries and investment property portfolios. This council will ensure that all of its investments are covered in the capital strategy, investment strategy or equivalent and will set out, where relevant, the council's risk appetite and specific policies and arrangements for non-treasury investments. It will be recognised that the risk appetite for these activities may differ from that for treasury management. The council will maintain a schedule setting out a summary of existing material investments, subsidiaries, joint ventures and liabilities including financial guarantees and the council's risk exposure where applicable.

The establishment of a £1m Property Investment Fund was approved by Cabinet on 16 January 2019. The Property Investment Board will oversee all decisions that have been delegated to the Service Director for Perfomance and Innovation in consultation with the Resources Portfolio Holder. The criteria detailed in the Commercialisation Strategy will be applied to all potential investment property opportunities.

Investigations into policy driven initiatives and investments are allowed under the Capital and Investment Strategies under the delegated authority of the s.151 Officer.

Approved Countries for Investment (as at 21/01/19)

This list is based on those countries which have sovereign ratings of AA- or higher (the lowest rating from Fitch, Moody's and Standards & Poor are shown) and also (except – at the time of writing - for Hong Kong, Norway and Luxembourg), have banks operating in sterling markets which have credit ratings of green or above in the Link Asset Services credit worthiness service.

Based on lowest available rating

AAA

- Australia
- Canada
- Denmark
- Germany
- Luxembourg
- Netherlands
- Norway
- Singapore
- Sweden
- Switzerland

AA+

- Finland
- U.S.A.

AA

- Abu Dhabi (UAE)
- France
- Hong Kong
- U.K.

AA-

- Belgium
- Qatar

MINIMUM REVENUE PROVISION POLICY STATEMENT 2019/20 (England and Wales)

1. The Council's Adopted Approach

The council implemented the new Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) guidance in 2008/09 and will assess their MRP for 2019/20 in accordance with the main recommendations contained within the guidance issued by the Secretary of State under section 21(1A) of the Local Government Act 2003 and the revised guidance issued in 2018.

For capital expenditure incurred before 1 April 2008 or which in the future will be Supported Capital Expenditure and from 1 April 2008, for all unsupported borrowing (including PFI and finance leases) the policy will be Asset Life method. Capital expenditure will under delegated powers be charged over a period which is reasonably commensurate with the estimated useful life applicable to the nature of expenditure, using the equal annual instalment method (Asset Life Method). For example, capital expenditure on a new building, or on the refurbishment or enhancement of a building, will be related to the estimated life of that building.

Estimated life periods will be determined under delegated powers. To the extent that expenditure is not on the creation of an asset and is of a type that is subject to estimated life periods that are referred to in the guidance, these periods will generally be adopted by the Council. However, the council reserves the right to determine useful life periods and prudent MRP in exceptional circumstances where the recommendations of the guidance would not be appropriate.

As some types of capital expenditure incurred by the council are not capable of being related to an individual asset, asset lives will be assessed on a basis which most reasonably reflects the anticipated period of benefit that arises from the expenditure. Also, whatever type of expenditure is involved, it will be grouped together in a manner which reflects the nature of the main component of expenditure and will only be divided up in cases where there are two or more major components with substantially different useful economic lives

A change introduced by the revised MHCLG MRP Guidance was the allowance that any charges made over the statutory minimum revenue provision, voluntary revenue provision or overpayments, can, if needed be reclaimed in later years if deemed necessary or prudent. The council does not have any such overpayments.



WYRE BOROUGH COUNCIL

CAPITAL STRATEGY

2019/20



CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION	2
2.	KEY DOCUMENTS	3
3.	CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	3
4.	DEBT AND BORROWING AND TREASURY MANAGEMENT	6
5.	COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY	8
6.	OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	9
7.	KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS	9
8.	NEXT STEPS	10
9.	USEFUL LINKS	10
10.	APPENDICES	10



1.0	INTRODUCTION
1.1	The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) Prudential Code 2017 requires local authorities to produce a capital strategy in order to demonstrate that the council does the following:
	 takes capital and investment decisions in line with service objectives; properly takes account of stewardship, value for money, prudence, sustainability and affordability; sets out the long-term context in which capital expenditure and investment decisions are made; gives due consideration to both risk and reward, and;
	gives due consideration to the impact on the achievement of priority outcomes.
1.2	The capital strategy forms part of the council's integrated revenue, capital and balance sheet planning.
1.3	The strategy is intended to give a high level overview of how capital expenditure, capital financing and treasury management activity contribute to the provision of services. It also provides an overview of how associated risk is managed and the implications for future financial sustainability.
1.4	The purpose of this document is to ensure that Members have sufficient detail to allow them to fully understand the overall capital strategy, its governance procedures and risk appetite.
1.5	A long-term view is taken when outlining the capital strategy and its associated context, as many schemes will span a number of years and have implications beyond the Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP). All planned capital expenditure and investment decisions are included in the strategy including those undertaken with external partners.
1.6	CIPFA guidance indicates that the Capital Strategy should have regard to the following areas, each of which will be covered in this document: • Capital expenditure
	Debt and borrowing and treasury management
	Commercial activity
	Other long-term liabilities
	Knowledge and skills
1.7	This document should be read in conjunction with the Council's annual Treasury Management Policy Statement and Practices, Treasury Management and Annual Investment Strategy and the Minimum Revenue Provision Policy Statement. Reference

	may be made to specific sections of these documents as appropriate to avoid unnecessary	
	duplication in the Capital Strategy.	
2.0	KEY DOCUMENTS	
2.1	Aside from the Treasury Management Policy Statement and Practices, Treasury Management and Annual Investment Strategy and the Minimum Revenue Provision Policy Statement, there are several key internal documents which influence the strategic direction of the council and these are listed below.	
	 The Business Plan which gets refreshed annually and has three themes around People, Place and Economy. The Council's Strategic Narrative which identifies three 'big goals' around financial discipline and commercialism, a flexible and change-ready workforce and providing an integrated and community-focused service offer. The Commercial Strategy (see Appendix 1). The Asset Management Strategy and Action Plan. Also important are the main financial reports: the Statement of Accounts, the 	
	Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) and the Revenue Estimates and Capital Programme.	
	All of the above documents are available on the council's website (for more details please see the latest versions at www.wyre.gov.uk).	
3.0	CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	
3.1	 This section will cover the following areas identified by CIPFA guidance where their impact is material: An overview of the governance process for approval and monitoring capital expenditure A long-term view of capital expenditure plans, where long-term is defined by the financing strategy of and risks faced by the authority with reference to the life of the projects/assets (see Appendix 2). An overview of asset management planning including the cost of past borrowing, maintenance requirements and planned disposals. Any restrictions around borrowing or funding of ongoing capital finance. 	
	The Definition of Capital Expenditure	
3.2	The council has two types of expenditure as defined in the annual statement of accounts: • Revenue expenditure: the everyday costs incurred with running the council such as	
	employee costs, premises related expenditure and various supplies and services.	

	logether we make a difference COUNCI					
	Capital expenditure: the more sizeable costs, which usually relate to the acquisition					
	of new assets or significant enhancement of existing assets to extend the economic					
	benefit to the council.					
3.3	In brief, there are three routes under which expenditure can qualify as capital and these					
	are:					
	Spending which meets the recognition criteria specified under 'proper accounting					
	practices' e.g. expenditure on the acquisition of, construction of or the addition of					
	subsequent costs to non-current assets (tangible e.g. buildings and intangible e.g.					
	software)					
	Spending which meets one of the definitions specified in regulations made under					
	the Local Government Act 2003 e.g. Revenue Expenditure Funded from Capital					
	Under Statute (REFCUS).					
	 The Secretary of State makes a direction that the spending can be treated as 					
	·					
	capital expenditure.					
0.4						
3.4	Examples of capital expenditure include expenditure on the acquisition, reclamation or					
	enhancement of assets (e.g. buildings, land, plant and machinery). It can include computer					
	costs (for use over a period exceeding one year e.g. software licences), grants to third					
	parties, incidental costs involved in a capital project (e.g. officers' salaries and professional					
	fees).					
3.5	Excluded from the definition of capital are training, administrative and other general					
	overhead costs. Costs will also be ineligible to the extent that they relate to activity that					
	takes place prior to the intention to acquire or construct a fixed asset. Examples of this					
	include the cost of option appraisals and feasibility studies that do not contribute to the					
	scoping of the asset ultimately acquired or constructed.					
3.6	The key principle to follow is that 'everything is revenue unless you can prove it is capital'.					
	,					
	The Capital Programme, Governance and Approval Process					
3.7	The Capital Programme is the council's schedule of capital works for future years and					
	includes details of the funding of the schemes. Included in the schedule are projects such					
	as sea defences, restoration of parks and open spaces, our rolling replacement of vehicles					
	and the construction of new buildings and facilities. Also included could be service and					
	commercial investments such as new IT systems to deliver digital transformation, the					
	purchase of land or buildings for investment purposes and design, consultancy or in-house					
	fees for staff time in support of major schemes.					
20	The approval process for individual conital schemes and the Conital Draggement itself and					
3.8	The approval process for individual capital schemes and the Capital Programme itself can					
	be found in the Council's Constitution which is available on the council's website. In					
	summary, the majority of capital schemes are approved via a Portfolio Holder Report					
	submitted to the relevant Portfolio Holder. Alternatively, where a key decision is involved, a					
	Cabinet Report on a specific scheme or project is used to update the Capital Budget.					
	Regular reports are also submitted to Cabinet throughout the year providing them with the					
•	Dogo 62					

			Together we make a difference COUNCI			
3.9	Programme and requer Cabinet formally appropriate this is subsequently raprocess. From 2018/19 onwards	sting their we the cur tified by fu s, the cour	approval for any changes. In February of each year the rent revised and the future year's Capital Programme and Il Council in March as part of the annual budget setting acil's MTFP will encompass the current year's budget plus approach. Reference will also be			
	four years and the Capital Programme will mirror this approach. Reference will also be made to years beyond the scope of the MTFP period where the expected lifespan of planned projects exceeds this timeframe.					
	Asset Management					
3.10	The Asset Management Strategy and Action Plan provides an overview of the council's current position with regard to investment properties, surplus assets, planned maintenance and investment projects, etc. The latest detailed Asset Management Strategy and Action Plan can be found on the council's website.					
3.11	In order to achieve our corporate vision, key work areas have been established for Asset Management, these are:					
	Managing Investment Assets					
	Managing Property Assets					
	Property Maintenance					
	Property Disposals					
	Property Acquisitions					
3.12	The Council's property portfolio largely falls under two main categories: Property Assets and Investment Property.					
	The breakdown of property categories is as shown below:					
	Category	Number	Asset Value (31/03/2018)			
	Property Assets	69	£45.062m			
	Investment Assets	52	£7.192m			
	Community Assets	103	£3.764m			
	Heritage Assets	2	£0.294m			
	Assets Held for Sale TOTAL	0 226	£0m £56.312m			
	IOTAL	220	230.312111			
	Long-Term Borrowin	g				
3.13			's reliance on borrowing and following concerns about the row in the current economic climate, a Capital Investment			

Reserve was created as part of the 2009/10 closure of accounts. The council has the



following	outstanding	long term	borrowing:
	J 5. 15 15		

Date	Loan ref.	Value (£)	Period (Years)	Rate (%)	Maturing
05/03/2008	494404	552,000	30	4.48	September 2037
05/03/2008	494405	1,000,000	50	4.41	September 2057
Total		1,552,000			

4.0 DEBT AND BORROWING AND TREASURY MANAGEMENT

- **4.1** This section will cover the following areas identified by CIPFA guidance where their impact is material:
 - A projection of external debt and use of internal borrowing to support capital
 expenditure (internal borrowing refers to the use of cash balances to finance capital
 expenditure in place of borrowing money from external sources).
 - Provision for the repayment of debt over the life of the underlying debt.
 - Authorised limit and operational boundary for the following year.
 - The authority's approach to treasury management including processes, due diligence and defining the authority's risk appetite.

Capital Investments vs. Treasury Management Investments

4.2 'Treasury Management Activities' are defined by CIPFA as:

"The management of the organisation's borrowing, investments and cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks."

- 4.3 Unlike capital investments, for treasury management investments the security and liquidity of funds is placed ahead of any investment return.
- The council recognizes that investment in other financial assets and property primarily for financial return, taken for non-treasury management purposes, requires careful investment management. Such activity includes loans supporting service outcomes and investment property portfolios.
- 4.5 The council will ensure that all of its investments are covered in the capital strategy, investment strategy or equivalent, and will set out, where relevant, the council's risk appetite and specific policies and arrangements for non-treasury investments. It will be recognised that the risk appetite for these activities may differ from that for treasury management.
- 4.6 Capital investments should be proportional to the level of resource available to the council and the council should ensure that the same robust procedures for the consideration of risk and return are applied to these decisions.



	Together we make a difference COUNCI
	Capital Resources and Financing Strategy
4.7	Wyre's Capital Programme has always relied heavily on external funding owing to limited internal resources and a desire not to add to existing levels of external borrowing. In recent years the council has typically achieved external funding levels in excess of 90% of the total capital programme. Much of this has been provided by the Environment Agency for large scale sea defences but other externally funded works include Disabled Facilities Grants (Better Care Fund), Coastal Revival and Coastal Communities Funding for the Marine Hall Dome, Splash Pad and Skate Bowl and works to restore our parks (Heritage Lottery Funding).
4.8	As a result of central government funding cuts and a significant gap to bridge in our ongoing revenue estimates, there is limited scope for the council to contribute monies from general balances without additional compensating savings being identified. Likewise, the shortfall in ongoing funding means that it is not prudent to add to our external borrowing unless a compelling 'invest to save' case exists.
4.9	Several earmaked reserves exist to support capital investment and these include the Capital Investment, Leisure Management, IT, Value For Money and the Vehicle Replacement/Street Cleansing Maintenance Reserves. Added to these, on 16 January 2019, Cabinet approved the creation of a Property Investment Board and associated Fund. This report has given the Service Director for Performance and Innovation delegated authority to make investment decisions up to £1,000,000 in consultation with the Resources Portfolio Holder. The Board consists of the Service Director for Performance and Innovation, Head of Finance (S.151 Officer) and Senior Solicitor (Deputy Monitoring Officer). The Board will meet as and when a commercial opportunity arises that requires a timely decision. A report to the Board from the Head of Built Environment will set out the proposal, its associated risks and the financial and legal implications. Any business case for a commercial opportunity would therefore require the approval of the S.151 Officer and the Senior Solicitor. The remainder of Corporate Management Team, not represented on the Board, would also be consulted on any investment opportunities and all could deputise for the Service Director for Performance and Innovation in their absence. The Investment Board will take into account the Medium Term Financial Plan, the Capital Programme, the emerging Capital Strategy and any relevant Treasury Management Policies and Procedures. All decisions must be in line with the aforementioned documents.
4.10	Currently, the primary contribution to the Capital Investment Reserve comes from asset disposals with a commitment that the reserve will benefit from any sale of land or property. Surplus assets have been identified but there are a limited number available and owing to resource pressures, as and when approved, these must be phased over a number of years. In December 2018 a capital receipt of £615,001 from the sale of the former Page 65
7 P a	g e

	logether we make a difference COUNCI
	Garstang Business Centre was achieved. Some smaller disposals are expected in the
	medium term as per the current Schedule of Executive Decisions and the Asset
	Management Strategy and Action Plan 2018 – 2023.
4 4 4	
4.11	The Capital Programme assumes available funding from the following sources:
	Capital grants and contributions
	Capital receipts from the sale of assets
	Earmarked reserves
	Revenue contributions
	Internal borrowing
	External borrowing
4.12	Ordinarily, capital receipts can only be used to fund capital expenditure or be set aside to
	repay debt. However, as part of the multi-year 2016/17 local government finance
	settlement, greater flexibility to allow council's to use these receipts to generate ongoing
	revenue efficiencies was announced although conditions apply including the requirement
	for a Strategy approved by full Council.
4.13	"The Guidance recommends that the Strategy setting out details of projects to be funded
	through flexible use of capital receipts be prepared prior to the start of each financial year.
	Failure to meet this requirement does not mean that an authority cannot access the
	flexibility in that year. However, in this instance, the Strategy should be presented to full
	Council or the equivalent at the earliest possible opportunity."
4.14	At the present time, there is no intention to make use of this flexibility owing to the
	significant schedule of works required to maintain and invest in our assets and as such no
	Strategy has yet been approved by Council.
	Strategy has yet been approved by countem
ΕO	COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY
5.0	COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY
5.1	This section will cover the following areas identified by CIPFA guidance where their impact
	is material:
	The authority's approach to commercial activities including processes ensuring
	effective due diligence and defining the authority's risk appetite in respect of these,
	including proportionality in respect of overall resources.
	Requirements for independent and expert advice and scrutiny arrangements.
5.2	The council's Commercialisation Strategy 2019 2022 was first reported to Cohinat as
J.Z	The council's Commercialisation Strategy 2018 – 2023 was first reported to Cabinet as
	part of the decision to create a Property Investment Board in January 2019 and this forms
	an opportunity to incorporate that document into the Capital Strategy for approval by full
	Council.
5.3	As local authorities become increasingly complex and diverse it is vital that those charged
J.J	į
	with governance understand the long-term context in which investment decisions are made
	and all the financial risks to which the authority is exposed. The impact of

	commercialisation has widened the scope of local authority powers and with the
	introduction of arrangements such as combined authorities it is no longer sufficient to
	consider only the individual local authority but also the residual risks and liabilities to which it is subject.
5.4	Investigations into policy driven initiatives and investments are allowed under the Capital
	and Investment Strategies under the delegated authority of the s.151 Officer.
5.5	The Commercialisation Strategy can be found at Appendix 1.
	5,
6.0	OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES
6.1	This section will cover the following areas identified by CIPFA guidance where their impact is material:
	 An overview of the governance process for approval and monitoring and ongoing
	risk management of any other financial guarantees and other long-term liabilities.
6.2	Liabilities related to the Defined Benefit Pension Scheme are excluded from this definition
	related to treasury management.
6.3	The Authority does not have any finance leases or operating leases.
7.0	KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS
7.0	RINOWELDGE AIND SKILES
7 4	
7.1	This section will cover the following areas identified by CIPFA guidance where their impact
7.1	is material:
/ - 1	is material: • A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation
7-1	is material:
7.1	is material: • A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation
7.2	 A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation that these are commensurate with the authority's risk appetite.
	 A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation that these are commensurate with the authority's risk appetite. Officer Training The training needs of treasury management officers are reviewed throughout the year and additionally when the responsibilities of staff members change or there is staff turnover.
	 is material: A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation that these are commensurate with the authority's risk appetite. Officer Training The training needs of treasury management officers are reviewed throughout the year and
	 A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation that these are commensurate with the authority's risk appetite. Officer Training The training needs of treasury management officers are reviewed throughout the year and additionally when the responsibilities of staff members change or there is staff turnover.
7.2	 A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation that these are commensurate with the authority's risk appetite. Officer Training The training needs of treasury management officers are reviewed throughout the year and additionally when the responsibilities of staff members change or there is staff turnover. Training records are held centrally for audit purposes. Staff are encouraged to view webinars and/or attend training courses, seminars and conferences held by Link Asset Services, CIPFA and other appropriate bodies. Relevant
7.2	 A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation that these are commensurate with the authority's risk appetite. Officer Training The training needs of treasury management officers are reviewed throughout the year and additionally when the responsibilities of staff members change or there is staff turnover. Training records are held centrally for audit purposes. Staff are encouraged to view webinars and/or attend training courses, seminars and conferences held by Link Asset Services, CIPFA and other appropriate bodies. Relevant staff are encouraged to study professional qualifications from CIPFA and other appropriate
7.2	 is material: A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation that these are commensurate with the authority's risk appetite. Officer Training The training needs of treasury management officers are reviewed throughout the year and additionally when the responsibilities of staff members change or there is staff turnover. Training records are held centrally for audit purposes. Staff are encouraged to view webinars and/or attend training courses, seminars and conferences held by Link Asset Services, CIPFA and other appropriate bodies. Relevant
7.2	 A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation that these are commensurate with the authority's risk appetite. Officer Training The training needs of treasury management officers are reviewed throughout the year and additionally when the responsibilities of staff members change or there is staff turnover. Training records are held centrally for audit purposes. Staff are encouraged to view webinars and/or attend training courses, seminars and conferences held by Link Asset Services, CIPFA and other appropriate bodies. Relevant staff are encouraged to study professional qualifications from CIPFA and other appropriate organisations. Day-to-day treasury management staff and the Head of Finance attend an annual strategy
7.2	 A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation that these are commensurate with the authority's risk appetite. Officer Training The training needs of treasury management officers are reviewed throughout the year and additionally when the responsibilities of staff members change or there is staff turnover. Training records are held centrally for audit purposes. Staff are encouraged to view webinars and/or attend training courses, seminars and conferences held by Link Asset Services, CIPFA and other appropriate bodies. Relevant staff are encouraged to study professional qualifications from CIPFA and other appropriate organisations. Day-to-day treasury management staff and the Head of Finance attend an annual strategy meeting with Link Asset Services. Their expertise is available throughout the year and
7.2	 A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation that these are commensurate with the authority's risk appetite. Officer Training The training needs of treasury management officers are reviewed throughout the year and additionally when the responsibilities of staff members change or there is staff turnover. Training records are held centrally for audit purposes. Staff are encouraged to view webinars and/or attend training courses, seminars and conferences held by Link Asset Services, CIPFA and other appropriate bodies. Relevant staff are encouraged to study professional qualifications from CIPFA and other appropriate organisations. Day-to-day treasury management staff and the Head of Finance attend an annual strategy
7.2	 A summary of the knowledge and skills available to the authority and confirmation that these are commensurate with the authority's risk appetite. Officer Training The training needs of treasury management officers are reviewed throughout the year and additionally when the responsibilities of staff members change or there is staff turnover. Training records are held centrally for audit purposes. Staff are encouraged to view webinars and/or attend training courses, seminars and conferences held by Link Asset Services, CIPFA and other appropriate bodies. Relevant staff are encouraged to study professional qualifications from CIPFA and other appropriate organisations. Day-to-day treasury management staff and the Head of Finance attend an annual strategy meeting with Link Asset Services. Their expertise is available throughout the year and



7.5	The CIPFA Code requires the responsible officer to ensure that Members with
	responsibility for treasury management receive adequate training in treasury management. This especially applies to Members responsible for scrutiny.
	Trile depending applied to Members respondible for corating.
7.6	An appual training aggion is hold for members of the Overview and Sarutiny Committee
7.6	An annual training session is held for members of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee (O&S) in particular. This is either delivered in-house by the responsible officer at a suitable
	O&S meeting or provided by the council's external treasury management consultants,
	usually by way of a pre-council briefing available to all Members. Refer to the Treasury
	Management Policy Statement and Practices, Treasury Management and Annual Investment Strategy for more details.
	invocation caracogy for more detaile.
	Treasury Management Consultants
7.7	The council uses Link Asset Services, Treasury Solutions as its external treasury
1 - 1	management advisors.
	The council recognises that responsibility for treasury management decisions remains with
	the organisation at all times and will ensure that undue reliance is not placed upon our
	external providers.
	It also recognises that there is value in employing external providers of treasury
	management services in order to acquire access to specialist skills and resources. The
	council will ensure that the terms of their appointment and the methods by which their value will be assessed are properly agreed and documented, and subjected to regular
	review.
8.0	NEXT STEPS
8.1	The Capital Strategy is a new document and as such it is currently a high level overview
	which over time will be developed to reflect the Council's emerging risk appetite, strategic
	influences and overall capital ambitions.
8.2	A key part of the evolution of the Capital Strategy will be the determination of the Council's
	capital ambition and an important element of this will relate to the adopted Local Plan
	(Council, 28 February 2019). This document contains the following Vision Statement
	(further detail is available on our website at www.wyre.gov.uk):
	"By 2031 Wyre will be recognised as an aspirational place with a clear focus on
	delivering sustainable growth - balancing environmental, social and economic
	considerations. It will be an attractive and successful place focused on creating
	opportunities for people to live, work, visit and do business. Development will have achieved high quality urban and rural environments , whilst respecting the
	diverse distinctiveness of local character across the Borough."
<u></u>	ge



	Together we make a difference COUNCI
8.3	This vision will inform the starting point for further investigations and research into the current economic position in Wyre, including a focus on our high streets and how we can use council assets and further investment using the Property Investment Fund to promote regeneration.
8.4	Wyre has a strong track record of attracting external investment through successful funding bids and benefactor donations. In the recent Coastal Communities Funding (Five) round the focus has been on joining up our coastline and beginning the journey to establish Fleetwood Market as a key anchor point in Fleetwood's town centre. Regardless of the outcome of this bid, this asset remains capable of being a utility for strategic change in the town's fortunes and will be a consideration in the Future High Streets Fund bid and further initiatives to come.
8.5	During 2019/20 further work will be undertaken, initially by Corporate Management Team, to explore the scope of a longer term vision for the borough and how the Council can help to shape and support this through capital investment.
9.0	USEFUL LINKS
9.1	The following documents can all be found on the Wyre Council website: www.wyre.gov.uk.
9.2	 Asset Management Strategy and Action Plan Business Plan Treasury Management Policy Statement and Practices and Treasury Management and Annual Investment Strategy and Minimum Revenue Provision Policy Statement Medium Term Financial Plan Revenue Estimates and Capital Programme Local Plan
10.0	APPENDICES
10.1	The following appendices are included for information: • Appendix 1 – Commercialisation Strategy • Appendix 2a and 2b – Capital Strategy - Long Term Forecast

Wyre Council - Commercialisation Strategy 2018/19 to 2022/23

Background and Commercial Vision

In December 2016, the Council adopted a new Strategic Narrative, which sets out a clear vision and goals for evolving the way that Wyre council works.

The Strategic Narrative contains three big goals and these are:

- An integrated and community-focused service offer.
- A flexible and change-ready workforce.
- Financial discipline and commercial awareness.

Focusing on the third big goal around financial discipline and commercial awareness, the narrative commits that:

- By 2020 we will have implemented new ways to replenish dwindling government funding for local authorities.
- Our employees will be commercially minded with the ability to spot and maximize commercial opportunities.
- We will be financially astute delivering quality services, in conjunction with partners, on time and on budget.

Our approach will include:

- Maintaining financial discipline. Our Medium Term Financial Plan and Efficiency Programme will be aligned with our Business Plan to ensure our objectives and priorities are properly resourced and funded appropriately.
- Bringing commerciality into everyday thinking. We will bring commerciality into everyday working across the organisation through improved procurement practices, better contract management and a focus on delivering established financial goals.

At Wyre, commercialisation is a broad term used to capture all aspects of service reviews and redesign, the commissioning cycle, shared and multi-partner organisation joined-up services, income generation and general efficiencies.

Key Drivers

The council has a forecast budget gap of £2.7m in 2022/23 (as at October 2018) largely owing to central government cuts and this financial position necessitates our becoming more commercial in our approaches to procurement, contract management and the delivery and marketing of our services.

There is renewed interest in inter-Council arrangements with other local authorities as financial pressures increase. The same applies to other public sector partners who are similarly looking at the advantages, both financial and operational, of delivering services together on a shared footprint to make efficiencies.

Wyre's ultimate goal is achieving sustainability without the need for central government grant support and successes reported by other councils are building confidence in the sector that this is possible.

The introduction of our new appraisal 1-2-1s and 1-2-1+ are embedding the strategic vision and driving forward the 'One Team One Council, 'Working Collaboratively' and 'Work Smart' values throughout the workforce.

Annual benchmarking of services has highlighted areas for further investigation where our unit costs appear high compared to both our 'nearest neighbour' group and the national average. This analysis will prompt more detailed reviews of high unit cost areas to identify potential savings.

Core principles of Commercialisation at Wyre Council

Commercialisation at Wyre Council encompasses the following approaches:

- Selling and Marketing our Services
- Fees and Charges
- Smart Procurement
- Improved and Continuous Contract Management
- Multi-partner Collaboration and Shared Services
- Maximising our Assets
- Investments
- Generating Efficiencies
- Digital Transformation
- Civic Crowdfunding

This strategy allows for all services to participate (or elements of services) and encourages a diverse range of approaches.

The principles of commercialisation include:

- Be open to all options for service delivery
- Be willing to take risks allow for failure as well as success
- Be open and honest about current performance
- Follow financial regulations
- Be prepared to invest now for a return in the future

Links to other Wyre Council Strategies and key documents include the following:

- Wyre Council Business Plan
- Medium Term Financial Strategy
- Procurement Guide for Staff
- Commercial Advice for Staff
- Digital Transformation Strategy
- Annual Fees and Charges review
- Annual Benchmarking Report

Aims and Objectives

Essentially, the strategy aims to deliver a financial return, which contributes to closing the growing funding gap currently forecast to be £2.7m in 2022/23 (as at October 2018).

This will entail developing a programme of work based on:

- business cases put forward throughout the year;
- business plan programmes and projects;
- external funding bids;
- fees and charges reviews;
- marketing our services and assets
- training and development of staff to grow our in-house commercialism skills;
- the creation of cross-directorate working groups to take shortlisted projects forward; and,
- harnessing Wyre's unique selling points including our capital assets, a brand that people trust and detailed local knowledge.

Creating the right culture and environment

Careful consideration will be given to nurturing the positive, 'can do' culture within Wyre in order to encourage innovative ideas and develop them into robust project proposals. This will involve the following activities:

- Undertaking a staff development programme to support our vision and goals;
- Holding regular staff briefings (at least once a year) and cascading updates to teams during the year via Core Brief
- Adopting a project management approach for the implementation of the programme and promoting the new online resources for generating project proposals;
- Ensuring new proposals have the right support from the Senior Leadership Team and necessary stakeholders.

Outcomes

The approach taken in this strategy will ensure that positive outcomes are delivered including:

- A real, tangible opportunity to make a contribution to the Medium Term Financial Plan;
- Staff development new skills will be acquired and can be transferred to other opportunities internally;
- Enhancing Wyre Council's reputation as a leading-edge authority in this sphere;
- Developing the organisation into a more innovative workplace, building on successes so far:
- Bringing benefits to the local economy;
- Ensuring the sustainability of non-statutory services that would otherwise be stopped due to lack of funding.

Criteria for Selecting Investment Assets

An initial Pass/Fail test will apply to all investment property acquisitions:

- 1. Owing to the council's requirement to generate income through a satisfactory level of return, the net initial yield (NIY) range that we could expect to achieve on the investment is likely to be between 5% and 7%. The NIY allows for the cost of purchase including agent's fees, surveys and stamp duty and should exceed a minimum level of 5% to qualify. (To **calculate net initial yield**, you need to deduct all the expenses (ongoing costs + cost of vacancy) from the annual rental income (weekly rent x 52). You then divide that number by the property's purchase price (including associated cost of purchase expenses) and times it by 100. This will give you the percentage yield.)
- 2. Whilst borrowing is not currently planned to finance the purchase of investment property, if it is undertaken then all investments must initially provide income equal to or above the council's required rate of return (ROR) defined by the cost of capital borrowing for purchase.

Any asset meeting the above criteria will be eligible to pass to the next stage for consideration. Any assets which do not meet the above criteria will not be considered further.

Following the initial Pass/Fail test, for eligible assets, a more detailed evaluation criteria will then apply accompanied by a business case co-ordinated by the Head of Built Environment.

dem/cou/cr/19/0404jw1 Appendix 4 Appendix 1

Poulton Leisure Centre	Appendix 2a: Capital Strategy - Long Term Forecast (Yr 1 to Yr 10)										
Fig.		2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28
Figure F		Budget									
Health and Wellheing Directorate		£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Thomton Leisure Centrie	LEISURE, HEALTH AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT PORTFOLIO										
Poulton Leisure Centre	Health and Wellbeing Directorate										
Performance and Innovation Directorate	Thornton Leisure Centre	-5,195									0
Poulton LC Pool Roof Works	Poulton Leisure Centre	-3,241	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Roofing Works Fleetwood LC	-										
Fleetwood Leisure Centre Works 37,250 25,000 0 40,000 0 105,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		,		•							0
Garstang Pool Works Garstang Leisure Centre Works 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	144,974							-		0
Garstang Leisure Centre Works 12,000 150,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0									0		0
Marine Hall Works 12,000 150,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Garstang Pool Works	35,000		•				120,000	0		0
Thornton Little Theatre Works 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Garstang Leisure Centre Works		0	0		0		244,000	0		0
NEIGHBOURHOOD SERVICES AND COMMUNITY SAFETY PORTFOLIO	Marine Hall Works	12,000	150,000					0	0		0
NEIGHBOURHOOD SERVICES AND COMMUNITY SAFETY PORTFOLIO Health and Wellbeing Directorate Housing (subject to external funding confirmation) 1,768,819 1,76	Thornton Little Theatre Works	0	0	0		0	0	20,000	0		0
Health and Wellbeing Directorate Housing (Subject to external funding confirmation) House Fees	Portfolio Total	226,173	522,500	25,000	0	40,000	0	489,000	0	0	0
Housing (subject to external funding confirmation) Housing (subject to external funding confirmation) Disabled Facilities Mandatory Grants 2,192,628 1,768,819 1,7	NEIGHBOURHOOD SERVICES AND COMMUNITY SAFETY PORTFOLIO										
Disabled Facilities Mandatory Grants Additional Disabled Facilities Grants and Social Capital Projects 2,192,628 1,768,819 1,	Health and Wellbeing Directorate										
Additional Disabled Facilities Grants and Social Capital Projects 201,271 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Mousing (subject to external funding confirmation)										
Empty Homes Delivery People and Places Directorate Coastal Protection Cell 11 Monitoring (Yr 3 of 5 year programme approved annually):External Costs 12,997 3,000 3,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		2,192,628	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819
People and Places Directorate Coastal Protection	Additional Bloadica Facilities and Goolal Capital Frojecto	201,271	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coastal Protection Cell 11 Monitoring (Yr 3 of 5 year programme approved annually):External Costs 12,997 3,000 3,000 0	Empty Homes Delivery	0	17,049	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cell 11 Monitoring (Yr 3 of 5 year programme approved annually): External Costs 12,997 3,000 3,000 0 </td <td>People and Places Directorate</td> <td></td>	People and Places Directorate										
Cell 11 Monitoring (Yr 3 of 5 year programme approved annually): In House Costs 21,220 17,000 17,000 0	Coastal Protection										
Rossall Seawall Improvement Works 4,827,852 0 </td <td>Cell 11 Monitoring (Yr 3 of 5 year programme approved annually):External Costs</td> <td>12,997</td> <td>3,000</td> <td>3,000</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	Cell 11 Monitoring (Yr 3 of 5 year programme approved annually):External Costs	12,997	3,000	3,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rossall Seawall Improvement Works In House Fees 44,420 0	Cell 11 Monitoring (Yr 3 of 5 year programme approved annually):In House Costs	21,220	17,000	17,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wyre Beach Management- In house 45,840 58,630 0 </td <td>Rossall Seawall Improvement Works</td> <td>4,827,852</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	Rossall Seawall Improvement Works	4,827,852	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wyre Beach Management- External costs 275,156 15,370 0	Rossall Seawall Improvement Works In House Fees	44,420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kirkland Flood Defence Embankment 69,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Wyre Beach Management- In house	45,840	58,630	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Wyre Beach Management- External costs	275,156	15,370	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Partfolio Total 7 600 397 1 970 960 1 700 940	Kirkland Flood Defence Embankment	69,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1,08,019 1,08,019 1,000,11 1,0	Portfolio Total	7,690,384	1,879,868	1,788,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819
PLANNING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PORTFOLIO	PLANNING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PORTFOLIO										
Performance and Innovation Directorate	Performance and Innovation Directorate										
Fleetwood Market Lighting 47,520 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Fleetwood Market Lighting	47,520	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fleetwood Market Works 0 260,000 185,000 50,000 0 0 247,000 0 0 0	Fleetwood Market Works	0	260,000	185,000	50,000	0	0	247,000	0	0	0
Portfolio Total 47,520 260,000 185,000 50,000 0 0 247,000 0 0 0	Portfolio Total	47,520	260,000	185,000	50,000	0	0	247,000	0	0	0
RESOURCES PORTFOLIO	RESOURCES PORTFOLIO										
People and Places Directorate	People and Places Directorate										
		430,686	2,259,500	426,700	224,495	61,000	73,500	484,485	70,241	425,500	2,142,700
	•	2,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

		2018/19 Budget £	2019/20 Budget £	2020/21 Budget £	2021/22 Budget £	2022/23 Budget £	2023/24 Budget £	2024/25 Budget £	2025/26 Budget £	2026/27 Budget £	2027/28 Budget £
	Performance and Innovation Directorate										
	Civic Centre Roof	15,000	70,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Civic Centre Works	0	50,000	0	0	0	0	40,000	0	0	0
	IT Service Management Software	26,483	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Relocation of ICT and Digital Team	30,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Citizen Access Portal	258,050	25,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cash Receipting System Upgrade	103,432	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chatsworth Depot Works	25,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Copse Road Depot Works	0	20,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Portfolio Total	890,851	2,424,500	426,700	224,495	61,000	73,500	524,485	70,241	425,500	2,142,700
	STREET SCENE, PARKS AND OPEN SPACES PORTFOLIO										
	People and Places Directorate										
	Tebay Playground Refurbishment	0	7,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	King George's Playing Field, Thornton	49,000	14,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Refurbishment of Playgrounds - Unallocated	0	28,662	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Memorial Park Fleetwood Heritage scheme Phase 2	0	5,848	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
П	Mount Grounds Restoration Phase 2	2,616	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Mariners Close Playground Removal/Relandscaping	6,863	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\hat{\mathbf{Q}}$	Refurbishment of Children's Playground Jean Stansfield Park	63,800	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Φ	Bob Williamson Park - Hambleton	15,920	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Restoration of the Mount	162,529	1,181,545	612,867	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	Wheeled Bins	0	825,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other Parks and Open Spaces Works	30,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Portfolio Total	330,728	2,062,055	612,867	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GRAND TOTAL	9,185,656	7,148,923	3,038,386	2,043,314	1,869,819	1,842,319	3,029,304	1,839,060	2,194,319	3,911,519
	Funded by Grants and Contributions TOTAL	7,973,266	3,080,590	2,401,686	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819
	Funded by Revenue TOTAL	1,149,981	3,416,999	636,700	274,495	101,000	73,500	1,260,485	70,241	425,500	2,142,700
	Funded by Capital Receipts TOTAL	62,409	651,334	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Funded by Loans	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		9,185,656	7,148,923	3,038,386	2,043,314	1,869,819	1,842,319	3,029,304	1,839,060	2,194,319	3,911,519

NOTE: The above combines the Q3 Capital Programme approved by Cabinet with the provisional planned asset maintenance and vehicle replacement schedules as at January 2019. As such not all works or funding have been approved and both are subject to change.

dem/cou/cr/19/0404jw1 Appendix 4 Appendix 2a

Appendix 2b: Capital Strategy - Long Term Forecast (Yr 1	11 to Yr 20)
--	--------------

	Appendix 2b: Capital Strategy - Long Term Forecast (Yr 11 to Yr 20)										
		2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2032/33	2033/34	2034/35	2035/36	2036/37	2037/38
		Budget									
	LEISURE, HEALTH AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT PORTFOLIO	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
	Health and Wellbeing Directorate										
	Thornton Leisure Centre	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Poulton Leisure Centre	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Performance and Innovation Directorate	· ·	Ü	Ŭ	· ·	· ·	v	Ŭ	Ü	· ·	v
	Poulton LC Pool Roof Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Roofing Works Fleetwood LC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Fleetwood Leisure Centre Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Garstang Pool Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Garstang Leisure Centre Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Marine Hall Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Thornton Little Theatre Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Portfolio Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Portfolio Total	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
	NEIGHBOURHOOD SERVICES AND COMMUNITY SAFETY PORTFOLIO										
П	Health and Wellbeing Directorate										
	Housing (subject to external funding confirmation)										
	Disabled Facilities Mandatory Grants	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819
	Additional Disabled Facilities Grants and Social Capital Projects	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Empty Homes Delivery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>ග</u>	People and Places Directorate										
	Coastal Protection										
	Cell 11 Monitoring (Yr 3 of 5 year programme approved annually):External Costs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cell 11 Monitoring (Yr 3 of 5 year programme approved annually):In House Costs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Rossall Seawall Improvement Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Rossall Seawall Improvement Works In House Fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Wyre Beach Management- In house	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Wyre Beach Management- External costs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Kirkland Flood Defence Embankment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Portfolio Total	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819
	DI ANNINO AND ECONOMIC DEVEL ORMENT PORTEOLIO										
	PLANNING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PORTFOLIO										
	Performance and Innovation Directorate	•	•		•	0	•		•	•	
	Fleetwood Market Lighting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Fleetwood Market Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Portfolio Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RESOURCES PORTFOLIO										
	People and Places Directorate										
	Vehicle Fleet Replacement Programme	223,200	223,200	223,200	223,200	223,200	223,200	223,200	2,138,200	223,200	223,200
	Copse Road Depot MOT Test Centre	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

		2028/29 Budget £	2029/30 Budget £	2030/31 Budget £	2031/32 Budget £	2032/33 Budget £	2033/34 Budget £	2034/35 Budget £	2035/36 Budget £	2036/37 Budget £	2037/38 Budget £
	Performance and Innovation Directorate										
	Civic Centre Roof	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Civic Centre Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	IT Service Management Software	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Relocation of ICT and Digital Team	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Citizen Access Portal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cash Receipting System Upgrade	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Chatsworth Depot Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Copse Road Depot Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Portfolio Total	223,200	223,200	223,200	223,200	223,200	223,200	223,200	2,138,200	223,200	223,200
	STREET SCENE, PARKS AND OPEN SPACES PORTFOLIO										
	People and Places Directorate										
	Tebay Playground Refurbishment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	King George's Playing Field, Thornton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Refurbishment of Playgrounds - Unallocated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Memorial Park Fleetwood Heritage scheme Phase 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
П	Mount Grounds Restoration Phase 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Mariners Close Playground Removal/Relandscaping	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\hat{\mathbf{Q}}$	Refurbishment of Children's Playground Jean Stansfield Park	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Φ	Bob Williamson Park - Hambleton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Restoration of the Mount	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Wheeled Bins	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other Parks and Open Spaces Works	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Portfolio Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GRAND TOTAL	1,992,019	1,992,019	1,992,019	1,992,019	1,992,019	1,992,019	1,992,019	3,907,019	1,992,019	1,992,019
	Funded by Grants and Contributions TOTAL	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819	1,768,819
	Funded by Revenue TOTAL	223,200	223,200	223,200	223,200	223,200	223,200	223,200	2,138,200	223,200	223,200
	Funded by Capital Receipts TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Funded by Loans	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1,992,019	1,992,019	1,992,019	1,992,019	1,992,019	1,992,019	1,992,019	3,907,019	1,992,019	1,992,019

NOTE: The above assumes Disabled Facilities Grants will continue to be funded at the same level. An average of the rolling programme of vehicle replacements has been used to provide a forecast. As such not all works or funding have been approved and both are subject to change.

dem/cou/cr/19/0404jw1 Appendix 4 Appendix 2b

This page is intentionally left blank



Report of:	Meeting	Date
The Leader of the Council (Cllr Henderson) and the Head of Finance (Section 151 Officer)	Council	4 April 2019

Audit Committee's Terms of Reference

1. Purpose of report

1.1 To enable the terms of reference of the Audit Committee to be updated in accordance with best practice guidance.

2. Outcomes

2.1 An effective Audit Committee.

3. Recommendation

3.1 That the revised terms of reference for the Audit Committee, attached as Appendix 1, be approved and included as Article 7 in Part 2 of the Constitution, in place of the previous version.

4. Background

- 4.1 In accordance with best practice, the terms of reference of the Audit Committee are reviewed annually. A report on this year's review was considered by the Audit Committee at its meeting on 12 March 2019.
- 4.2 Since the last annual review was carried out the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountants (CIPFA) has re-issued its practical guidance on local authority audit committees. In doing so, it has included suggested terms of reference for all local councils and police authorities.

5. Key Issues and proposals

- The proposed terms of reference set out in Appendix 1 have been written in the way proposed in the latest CIPFA guidance. Although no further responsibilities have been added, a significant number of changes have been made to the format and wording to ensure that they accurately reflect the work of the Committee and the CIPFA guidance...
- 5.2 The revised terms of reference include the responsibilities for ensuring the council's compliance with the General Data Protection approved at the Council meeting held on 14 June 2018.

Page 79

5.3 At the suggestion of the Council's new External Auditor (Deloitte), a specific provision has also been added for the Committee to periodically review safeguards to ensure the independence of the external audit team.

Financial and legal implications							
Finance	None arising directly from the report.						
Legal	The proposed terms of reference comply with statutory requirements and best practice guidance.						

Other risks / implications: checklist

If there are significant implications arising from this report on any issues marked with a \checkmark below, the report author will have consulted with the appropriate specialist officers on those implications and addressed them in the body of the report. There are no significant implications arising directly from this report, for those issues marked with a x.

risks/implications	√/x
community safety	х
equality and diversity	х
sustainability	х
health and safety	х

risks/implications	√/x
asset management	х
climate change	Х
ICT	Х
data protection	Х

Processing Personal Data

In addition to considering data protection along with the other risks/ implications, the report author will need to decide if a 'privacy impact assessment (PIA)' is also required. If the decision(s) recommended in this report will result in the collection and processing of personal data for the first time (i.e. purchase of a new system, a new working arrangement with a third party) a PIA will need to have been completed and signed off by Data Protection Officer before the decision is taken in compliance with the Data Protection Act 2018

report author	telephone no.	email	date
Joanne Billington	01253 887372	Joanne.billington@wyre.gov.uk	15 March 2019

List of background papers:		
name of document	date	where available for inspection
None		

List of appendices

Appendix 1 – Revised Audit Committee Terms of Reference

Audit Committee - Terms of Reference

7.01 Purpose

The audit committee is a key component of Wyre Council's corporate governance. It provides an independent high-level focus on the audit, assurance and reporting arrangements that underpin good governance and financial standards.

The purpose of an audit committee is to provide those charged with governance, independent assurance of the adequacy of the risk management framework and the internal control environment. It provides independent review of the authority's governance, risk management and control frameworks and oversees the financial reporting and annual governance processes. It oversees internal and external audit, helping to ensure efficient and effective assurance arrangements are in place.

Core Functions

The Council will appoint an Audit Committee independent from both the Executive and the Overview and Scrutiny function and it will have the following core functions:

Governance, Risk and Control

- To review the council's corporate governance arrangements against the good governance framework, including the ethical framework and consider the local code of governance.
- To review the annual governance statement and consider whether it properly reflects the risk environment and supporting assurances, taking into account the head of audit's annual audit opinion.
- To consider the reports on the effectiveness of internal controls and monitor the implementation of agreed actions.
- To consider the council's arrangements to secure value for money and review assurances and assessment on the effectiveness of these arrangements.
- To monitor the effective development and operation of risk management in the council and monitor progress in addressing risk-related issues reported to the committee.
- To monitor counter fraud, actions and resources and review the assessment of fraud risks and potential harm to the council from fraud and corruption.
- To review the governance and assurance arrangements for significant partnerships or collaborations.

Internal Audit

- To approve the internal audit charter.
- To review proposals made in relation the appointment of external providers of internal audit services and to make recommendations on their effectiveness.
- To approve the risk-based internal audit plan, including resource requirements and the approach to using other sources of assurances and any work required to place reliance upon those other sources.
- To make appropriate enquiries of both management and the head of internal audit to determine if there are pay ந்தை propriate scope or resource limitations.

- To approve and periodically review safeguards to limit impairments to the independence or objectivity of the internal audit team.
- To approve significant changes to the audit plan and resource requirements.
- To consider reports from the head of internal audit on the performance during the year. This will include an update on the implementation of agreed recommendations.
- To consider the head of internal audit's annual report.
- To consider a report on the effectiveness of internal audit to support the Annual Governance Statement and also any external assessments of effectiveness; i.e. the quality assessment of internal audit that takes place at least once every five years in accordance with the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards.
- To provide free and unfettered access to the audit committee chair for the head of internal audit, including the opportunity for a private meeting with the committee.

External Audit

- To receive and comment upon the External Auditor's Annual Plan, considering the scope and depth of external audit work and to ensure it gives value for money.
- To monitor the External Auditor's progress with the Annual Plan.
- To consider the external auditors' annual letter and the report to those charged with governance.
- To consider specific reports as agreed with the external auditor.
- To advise and recommend on the effectiveness of relationships between internal and external audit and other inspection agencies or relevant bodies.
- To consider periodically (at least annually) whether the auditors appointed to carry out the external audit function remain independent and objective and, that their judgement in carrying out that role has not been impaired as a consequence of their participation in any non-audit reviews, services or advice provided to the council.
- To provide free and unfettered access to the audit committee chair for the external auditors, including the opportunity for a private meeting with the committee.

Financial Reporting

- To review the annual Statement of Accounts on behalf of full Council in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015.
- To consider the external auditor's report to those charged with governance on issues arising from the audit of the accounts.
- To consider and endorse amendments to the Council's Financial Regulations and Contract Procedure Rules and, on behalf of full Council, give any instructions to the Section 151 Officer as may be appropriate.

Accountability Arrangements

- To prepare an annual report to full Council setting out the committee's work and performance during the year in relation to the terms of reference and to refer to Council any matters it shall see fit.
- To review any issue referred to it by the Chief Executive, Monitoring Officer or any Council body.

Other core functions

- To undertake the annual review of the council's use of the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000 (RIPA), ensuring compliance with the Code of Practice.
- To receive updates and reports from the Head of Audit (Data Protection Officer) and to approve policies in relation to compliance with the Data Protection Act and Regulations made under the Act.

dems/cou/cr/19/0404jb1

